

## Lovisiana Gaming Control Board



## MISSION STATEMENT OF THE LOUISIANA GAMING CONTROL BOARD

To regulate all gaming activities under its jurisdiction in a manner which instills public confidence and trust that gaming activities are conducted honestly and free from criminal and corruptive elements; to ensure the integrity of individual gaming activities by the regulation of persons, practices, associations and activities within the gaming industry.

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Mr. President, Mr. Speaker and<br>Members of the Louisiana Legislature

The Louisiana Gaming Control Board submits the $21^{\text {th }}$ annual comprehensive report to the Legislature in accordance with La. R.S. 27:15(B)(9)(b).

Statutes legalizing and regulating gaming were enacted in 1991 by the Legislature and, in 1996, the Louisiana Gaming Control Board was created. The Board consists of nine members who are appointed by the Governor, confirmed by the Senate, and serve staggered terms of six years. At least one member is appointed from each congressional district and is eligible to be reappointed for one additional term. The Board is required by law to meet at least once a month. Minutes and transcripts of Board meetings are found on the Board's website and, when the technology is available, meetings are streamed live over the internet.

The Chairman serves in a full time capacity and fulfills the role of CEO for the Board in the conduct and management of its regulatory responsibilities. The Board has three other full time employees who manage the day-to-day affairs of the Board.

The Board exercises regulatory authority, control, and jurisdiction over all aspects of gaming activities and operations as authorized pursuant to the provisions of the Louisiana Gaming Control Law which includes the Louisiana Riverboat Economic Development and Gaming Control Act, the Louisiana Economic Development and Corporation Act, the Video Draw Poker Devices Control Law, and the Louisiana Pari-mutuel Live Racing Facility Economic Redevelopment and Gaming Control Act. It has limited authority as provided by law relative to gaming on sovereign Native American reservations.

The Board's operating budget for FY 2015-2016 was $\$ 852,655$ funded through statutory dedicated funds of $\$ 769,562$ from the Riverboat Gaming Enforcement Fund and $\$ 83,093$ from the Pari-mutuel Live Racing Facility Gaming Control Fund.

## RIVERBOAT GAMING

Fifteen riverboat casinos are authorized to operate in Louisiana. This report reflects the data for all fifteen riverboat casinos.

There are six riverboat casinos in the Shreveport-Bossier City area; three in Lake Charles; three in East Baton Rouge Parish; and one each in Kenner, Harvey and Amelia. These riverboat casinos employ approximately 14,841 workers and, in FY 2015-2016, contributed $\$ 414,469,178$ in net revenue to the state. All of the casino market areas experienced increases in adjusted gross revenue except for the Shreveport-Bossier City market.

The Shreveport-Bossier City market had adjusted gross revenues of $\$ 666,958,196$ for FY 2015-2016, a decrease of $\$ 19,336,905$ from the previous fiscal year, with $\$ 143,396,012$ in fees paid to the state.

The Lake Charles market had adjusted gross revenues of $\$ 701,030,488$, an increase of $\$ 52,993,297$ from the previous fiscal year, with $\$ 150,721,555$ in fees paid to the state.

The riverboat casinos in Kenner, Harvey and Amelia had adjusted gross revenues of $\$ 271,629,823$, an increase of $\$ 4,184,189$ from the previous fiscal year, with $\$ 58,400,412$ in fees paid to the state.

The riverboat casinos in East Baton Rouge Parish had adjusted gross revenues of $\$ 288,145,111$, an increase of $\$ 3,228,420$ over the previous fiscal year, with $\$ 61,951,199$ in fees paid to the state.

## HARRAH'S NEW ORLEANS

The landbased casino in New Orleans generated $\$ 63,841,871$ in gaming revenue to the state. This exceeded the minimum payment requirement of $\$ 60,000,000$ pursuant to the Casino Operating Contract, but was a $\$ 7,603,880$ decrease from the previous fiscal year.

## VIDEO POKER

As of June 30, 2016, there were 1,798 video poker outlets and 13,160 devices in the 31 parishes where video poker gaming had been approved in the local option election of November 5,1996 . These machines are authorized in bars, restaurants, hotels, off-track betting parlors, and truckstops. Franchise fees to the state from video poker amounted to $\$ 173,615,895$ for FY 20152016, a decrease of $\$ 5,310,680$ from the previous fiscal year.

## RACETRACK GAMING

Slot machine gaming at the racetracks adjusted gross revenue for FY 2015-2016 was $\$ 353,265,475$, a decrease of $\$ 26,786,040$ from the previous fiscal year. After subtracting the Support Contribution Deduction of $\$ 63,587,785$ for Purse Supplements, Executive Committee of the Louisiana Thoroughbred Breeders' Association, and Executive Committee of the Louisiana Quarter Horse Breeders Association, the State received fees in the amount of $\$ 53,590,372$.

## INDIAN GAMING

This report contains limited statistical information on tribal gaming. None of the three tribes are required to pay any fees directly to the state nor can they be required to provide the Gaming Control Board with any financial figures. All of the tribes make contributions to local governments in their respective locations. The Board does wish to acknowledge the Chitimacha Tribe in Charenton for its continued cooperation in voluntarily providing the information shown in this and previous reports.

## CONCLUSION

Gaming revenue continues to be a substantial part of the Louisiana economy, generating $\$ 705,517,316$ in direct gaming revenue for FY 2015-16, a decrease of $\$ 8,341,668$ from the previous fiscal year. Riverboat gaming continues to be the most dominant area in gaming, providing more than half of the state's gaming revenue.

Historically, the Shreveport-Bossier City market has been heavily dependent on the densely populated Dallas-Fort Worth area for its customer base and, for that reason, it usually ranks as the highest grossing region in the state. However, the regional gaming environment continues to evolve and casino revenues in the Shreveport-Bossier City market have eroded with the rapid expansion of tribal casinos in Oklahoma. Concomitantly, the Lake Charles market has increased financial growth since the opening of Golden Nugget Lake Charles in December 2014. In FY 2015-2016, the Lake Charles market surpassed the Shreveport-Bossier City market by $\$ 7,325,543$ in fees paid to the state. This was the first time that the Shreveport-Bossier City market did not lead the state in revenue.

The revenue generated from gaming operations funds various programs in the state and is a primary source of funding for the Support Education in Louisiana Fund (SELF). Any decline in revenue or changes in statutory dedications could adversely affect the SELF fund.

The Louisiana Legislature adopted public policy approving gaming as an economic opportunity for the state and its citizens. The Gaming Control Board is committed to the thorough regulation and control of gaming activities under its jurisdiction in a manner which instills public confidence and ensures that regulated activities are free from criminal and corruptive elements. Additionally, the Board strives to foster a regulatory environment that provides optimum economic opportunity for both gaming operations and the Louisiana citizens who are employed by and/or benefit from this industry.

## Respectfully submitted by:

Ronnie Jones, Chairman
Franklin Ayres Bradford, Vice-Chairman
Mark Stipe
James Singleton
Claude Jackson
Robert Gaston
Julie Berry
Wanda Theriot
Richard Patrick
Colonel Kevin Reeves
Secretary Kimberly Robinson

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## ATTORNEY GENERAL'S GAMING DIVISION

 <br> Jeff Landry, Attorney General <br> Wilbur Stiles, Jr., First Assistant Attorney General <br> Christopher B. Hebert, Director, Gaming Division <br> Charmaine Y. Moore, Deputy Director, Gaming Division <br> Dawn M. Himel, Section Chief, Licensing and Compliance <br> Olga M. Bogran, Section Chief, Adjudications <br> \section*{LOUISIANA STATE POLICE GAMING ENFORCEMENT DIVISION} <br> Colonel Kevin Reeves, Superintendent <br> Lieutenant Colonel Murphy Paul, Deputy Superintendent, Bureau of Investigations <br> Lieutenant Colonel Michael Noel, Chief of Staff <br> Captain Glen Hale, Gaming Southeast Region <br> Captain Terry Chustz, Gaming Northwest Region <br> Lieutenant Adam Albright, Gaming Central Operations <br> Lieutenant Kenny Van Buren, Gaming Indian Gaming Field Office <br> Lieutenant Mark Mix, Gaming Baton Rouge Field Office <br> Lieutenant Keith Greene, Gaming Lake Charles Field Office <br> Lieutenant Joe Ingram, Gaming Shreveport Field Office <br> Lieutenant Robert Hodges, Gaming New Orleans Field Office <br> Lieutenant Wade Savoy, Gaming Lafayette Field Office <br> Jeff Traylor, Audit Director}

## ACKNOWLEDGMENTS

The Board wishes to acknowledge those who made special contributions to the preparation of this report:

## Department of Justice, Office of the Attorney General, Gaming Division

Lori M. Foret, Legal Secretary
Christopher B. Hebert, Director, Gaming Division
James A. Smith, Indian Gaming

## Louisiana State Police

Jeff Traylor, Audit Director
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Donna Jackson, Audit Supervisor
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## Gaming Control Board Staff

Trudy Smith, Confidential Assistant
Lana Tramonte, Principal Assistant
Geralyn Coleman, Appeal Docket Clerk
Natalie Thurman, Executive Staff Officer

## Louisiana Casino Association

Wade Duty, Executive Director
Vickie Duty, Executive Assistant

## Contributing Jurisdictions

All information regarding other jurisdictions was provided by persons from that jurisdiction or directly obtained from that jurisdiction's website or postings.

## Riverboat Gaming



## LOUISIANA STATE POLICE RIVERBOAT GAMING ACTIVITY SUMMARY <br> FISCAL YEAR 2015-2016

| Riverboat Licensee | D/B/A and Location | Admissions | Total AGR | Fee Remittance |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| PNK (Baton Rouge) Partnership | L'Auberge Casino \& Hotel Baton Rouge - Baton Rouge | 1,453,368 | \$ 161,069,766 | \$ 34,630,000 |
| Louisiana Riverboat Gaming Partnership | DiamondJacks Casino \& Resort - Bossier City | 863,612 | 49,495,824 | 10,641,602 |
| Horseshoe Entertainment, L.P. | Horseshoe Bossier City - Bossier City | 1,319,246 | 194,719,078 | 41,864,602 |
| Louisiana I Gaming, L.P. | Boomtown New Orleans - Harvey | 1,300,836 | 118,240,800 | 25,421,772 |
| Treasure Chest Casino, LLC | Treasure Chest Casino - Kenner | 1,100,986 | 105,647,329 | 22,714,176 |
| Catfish Queen Partnership in Commendam | Belle of Baton Rouge - Baton Rouge | 823,172 | 59,757,305 | 12,847,821 |
| Louisiana Casino Cruises, Inc. | Hollywood Casino Baton Rouge - Baton Rouge | 728,006 | 67,318,040 | 14,473,378 |
| Belle of Orleans, LLC | Amelia Belle Casino - Amelia | 614,856 | 47,741,694 | 10,264,464 |
| St. Charles Gaming Company, LLC | Isle of Capri Casino Hotel Lake Charles - Westlake | 1,405,714 | 128,901,842 | 27,713,896 |
| PNK (Bossier City), Inc. | Boomtown Bossier City - Bossier City | 906,916 | 61,457,598 | 13,213,384 |
| Eldorado Casino Shreveport Joint Venture | Eldorado Resort Casino Shreveport - Shreveport | 2,341,215 | 136,818,704 | 29,416,021 |
| Red River Entertainment of Shreveport, LLC | Sam's Town Hotel \& Casino - Shreveport | 1,177,902 | 81,683,902 | 17,562,039 |
| PNK (Lake Charles), LLC | L'Auberge Lake Charles - Lake Charles | 3,560,127 | 321,931,441 | 69,215,260 |
| Bossier Casino Venture, Inc. | Margaritaville Resort Casino - Bossier City | 2,098,041 | 142,783,090 | 30,698,364 |
| Golden Nugget Lake Charles, LLC | - Lake Charles | 3,590,779 | 250,197,205 | 53,792,399 |
| TOTALS |  | 23,284,776 | \$1,927,763,618 | \$ 414,469,178 |

Source: Louisiana State Police (Gaming Audit Section)

## RIVERBOAT GAMING LICENSEES

| Current Licensee | Original Name of Licensee | Date of Issuance | Current Berth Site Location | Original Berth Site Location |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| PNK (Baton Rouge) Partnership d/b/a L'Auberge Casino \& Hotel Baton Rouge R011000801 | Showboat Star Partnership | 8/19/1993 | Mississippi River, East Baton Rouge | Lake Pontchartrain, Orleans |
| Eldorado Casino Shreveport Joint Venture d/b/a Eldorado Resort Casino Shreveport R013600005 | Queen of New Orleans Joint Venture | 10/14/1993 | Red River, Caddo/Bossier | Mississippi River, Orleans |
| Horseshoe Entertainment, L.P. d/b/a Horseshoe Bossier City R010800198 | Horseshoe Entertainment, L.P. | 11/22/1993 | Red River, Bossier | Red River, Bossier |
| Golden Nugget Lake Charles, LLC R016502995 | Creative Casinos of Louisiana, LLC | 5/19/2011 | Calcasieu River, Calcasieu | Calcasieu River, Calcasieu |
| Louisiana Riverboat Gaming Partnership d/b/a DiamondJacks Casino \& Resort R010800195 | Louisiana Riverboat Gaming Partnership | 12/9/1993 | Red River, Bossier | Red River, Bossier |
| Bossier Casino Venture, Inc. d/b/a Margaritaville Resort Casino R011000841 | Grand Palais Riverboat, Inc. | 1/9/1994 | Red River, Bossier | Mississippi River, Orleans |
| PNK (Bossier City), Inc. d/b/a Boomtown Bossier City R016500701 | Crescent City Capital Development, Corp. | 2/11/1994 ${ }^{2}$ | Red River, Bossier | Mississippi River, Orleans |
| Red River Entertainment of Shreveport, LLC d/b/a Sam's Town Hotel \& Casino R016500097 | Red River Entertainment Partnership in Commendam | 3/8/1994 | Red River, Caddo/Bossier | Red River, Caddo/Bossier |
| Louisiana I Gaming L.P. d/b/a Boomtown New Orleans R012600196 | Louisiana I Gaming, L.P. | 3/22/1994 | Harvey Canal/Intracoastal Waterway, Jefferson | Harvey Canal/Intracoastal Waterway, Jefferson |
| Belle of Orleans, LLC d/b/a Amelia Belle Casino R013600020 | Belle of Orleans, LLC | 3/24/1994 | Intracoastal Waterway/Bayou Boeuf, St. Mary | Lake Pontchartrain, Orleans ${ }^{3}$ |
| St. Charles Gaming Company, LLC d/b/a Isle of Capri Hotel Lake Charles R011700174 | St. Charles Gaming Company, Inc. | 3/29/1994 | Calcasieu River, Calcasieu | Calcasieu River, Calcasieu ${ }^{4}$ |
| Treasure Chest Casino, LLC d/b/a Treasure Chest Casino R012600098 | Treasure Chest Casino, LLC | 5/18/1994 | Lake Pontchartrain, Jefferson | Lake Pontchartrain, Jefferson |
| Louisiana Casino Cruises, Inc. d/b/a Hollywood Casino Baton Rouge R011700193 | Louisiana Casino Cruises | 7/18/1994 | Mississippi River, East Baton Rouge | Mississippi River, East Baton Rouge |
| Catfish Queen Partnership in Commendam d/b/a Belle of Baton Rouge R011700009 | Catfish Queen Partnership in Commendam | 7/18/1994 | Mississippi River, East Baton Rouge | Mississippi River, East Baton Rouge |
| PNK (Lake Charles), LLC d/b/a L'Auberge Lake Charles R01100707 | PNK (Lake Charles) LLC | 4/19/2002 | Calcasieu River, Calcasieu | Calcasieu River, Calcasieu |

Information Source: Louisiana State Police (Gaming Audit Section)

[^0]
## LOUISIANA RIVERBOAT CASINO INDUSTRY ECONOMIC IMPACT FIGURES FY 2015-2016

| Licensee | Amelia Belle Casino | Belle of Baton Rouge | Boomtown <br> New Orleans | Boomtown Bossier City | Hollywood Casino Baton Rouge | Golden <br> Nugget ${ }^{5}$ | L'Auberge Casino \& Hotel Baton Rouge ${ }^{6}$ | Eldorado Resort Casino Shreveport | L'Auberge Lake Charles |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Location | Amelia | Baton Rouge | Harvey | Bossier City | Baton Rouge | Lake Charles | Baton Rouge | Shreveport | Lake Charles |
| State franchise tax (21.5\%) | \$10,264,464 | \$12,847,821 | \$25,421,772 | \$13,213,384 | \$14,473,378 | \$53,792,399 | \$34,630,000 | \$29,416,021 | \$69,215,260 |
| Local fees | \$1,500,000 | \$1,195,202 | \$7,094,448 | \$3,256,933 | \$1,346,369 | \$10,247,416 | \$7,248,139 | \$5,831,997 | \$13,469,572 |
| Property taxes | \$416,122 | \$1,017,438 | \$833,806 | \$1,024,985 | \$608,364 | \$5,357,250 | \$3,227,621 | \$2,766,487 | \$4,543,398 |
| Payroll (includes tips) | \$7,771,316 | \$16,433,810 | \$16,284,617 | \$11,137,585 | \$13,330,796 | \$70,432,304 | \$23,808,797 | \$32,951,167 | \$81,521,934 |
| Benefits ${ }^{1}$ | \$493,438 | \$3,531,232 | \$7,813,701 | \$3,859,926 | \$3,485,161 | \$16,461,513 | \$7,683,747 | \$7,356,890 | \$21,195,703 |
| Employment (F/T) | 304 | 440 | 603 | 558 | 308 | 1,567 | 805 | 909 | 1,350 |
| Employment (FTE) | 318 | 432 | 540 | 445 | 352 | 1,644 | 760 | 969 | 1,523 |
| Procurement (total) ${ }^{2}$ | \$10,053,425 | \$10,989,872 | \$16,274,318 | \$9,793,951 | \$4,703,048 | \$33,208,860 | \$26,931,875 | \$24,475,845 | \$62,952,577 |
| Minority | \$1,858,206 | \$1,495,752 | \$2,165,266 | \$915,393 | \$491,542 | \$2,984,103 | \$3,660,424 | \$3,268,341 | \$7,256,685 |
| Female | \$2,509,397 | \$1,913,190 | \$2,175,328 | \$2,000,769 | \$468,298 | \$5,284,494 | \$5,448,876 | \$6,916,267 | \$9,524,693 |
| Capital investments/improvements (2015-2016) | \$1,475,947 | \$2,937,349 | \$100,000 | \$1,653,938 | \$2,467,314 | \$20,412,000 | \$1,749,321 | \$4,783,831 | \$14,555,222 |
| Capital investments/improvements cumulative | \$75,168,323 | \$128,437,927 | \$148,235,851 | \$160,573,682 | \$135,237,146 | \$625,602,086 | \$392,048,936 | \$258,271,438 | \$509,701,644 |
| Charitable contributions (2015-2016) | \$0 | \$3,515 | \$28,528 | \$11,841 | \$55,722 | \$242,603 | \$254,805 | \$165,145 | \$124,455 |
| Charitable contributions (cumulative) | \$101,560 | \$1,448,193 | \$2,287,573 | \$2,725,692 | \$3,427,676 | \$316,425 | \$745,581 | \$2,834,870 | \$11,346,870 |
| Development plans | \$0 | \$2.650.000 | \$3,000,000 | \$3,790,396 | \$2,205,704 | \$97,385,000 | \$1,174,654 | \$3,500,000 | \$11,970,566 |
| Admissions | 614,856 | 823,172 | 1,300,836 | 906,916 | 728,378 | 3,590,779 | 1,444,754 | 2,341,215 | 3,560,157 |
| Percentage of visitors from out-of-area ${ }^{3}$ | 6.9\% | 14.2\% | 16.5\% | 48\% | 20.9\% | 83.70\% | 3.1\% | 49\% | 84\% |
| Estimate of number of out-of-area visitors | 42,425 | 959,407 | 214,637 | 435,319 | 152,231 | 3,005,482 | 44,787 | 1,147,195 | 2,990,531 |
| Visitors spending ${ }^{4}$ | \$2,121,250 | \$47,970,396 | \$10,731,897 | \$21,765,950 | \$7,611,550 | \$150,274,101 | \$2,239,368 | \$57,359,767 | \$149,526,594 |

[^1]
## LOUISIANA RIVERBOAT CASINO INDUSTRY <br> ECONOMIC IMPACT FIGURES FY 2015-2016

| Licensee | Horseshoe Bossier City | DiamondJacks Casino \& Resort | Margaritaville Resort Casino | Isle of Capri Casino Hotel Lake Charles | Treasure Chest Casino | $\begin{gathered} \text { Sam's Town } \\ \text { Hotel \& Casino } \end{gathered}$ | Totals |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Location | Bossier City | Bossier City | Bossier City | Lake Charles | Kenner | Shreveport |  |
| State franchise tax (21.5\%) | \$41,864,602 | \$10,641,602 | \$30,698,364 | \$27,713,896 | \$22,714,176 | \$17,562,039 | \$414,469,178 |
| Local fees | \$8,762,575 | \$2,228,493 | \$6,428,385 | \$6,139,820 | \$4,735,434 | \$4,079,959 | \$83,564,742 |
| Property taxes | \$2,786,429 | \$2,021,788 | \$1,989,235 | \$1,488,257 | \$334,469 | \$1,462,180 | \$29,877,829 |
| Payroll (includes tips) | \$26,609,838 | \$14,047,891 | \$30,731,479 | \$30,544,951 | \$19,049,448 | \$21,328,895 | \$415,984,828 |
| Benefits ${ }^{1}$ | \$6,939,618 | \$3,540,733 | \$7,990,184 | \$9,143,327 | \$4,684,995 | \$6,160,445 | \$110,340,613 |
| Employment (F/T) | 841 | 533 | 763 | 987 | 605 | 713 | 11,286 |
| Employment (FTE) | 866 | 437 | 833 | 844 | 563 | 718 | 11,244 |
| Procurement (total) ${ }^{2}$ | \$22,338,897 | \$9,136,908 | \$16,754,748 | \$22,415,795 | \$11,099,569 | \$14,930,841 | \$296,060,529 |
| Minority | \$4,124,636 | \$698,219 | \$1,592,184 | \$2,434,172 | \$931,079 | \$782,370 | \$34,658,372 |
| Female | \$9,293,586 | \$1,800,808 | \$5,179,957 | \$4,484,259 | \$2,081,314 | \$1,609,642 | \$60,690,878 |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { Capital investments/improvements } \\ & (2015-2016) \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | \$1,590,581 | \$39,115 | \$5,415,018 | \$3,913,320 | \$2,418,206 | \$1,507,978 | \$65,019,140 |
| Capital investments/improvements cumulative | \$298,002,577 | \$220,159,540 | \$169,994,928 | \$209,268,308 | \$300,779,924 | \$299,877,164 | \$3,931,359,474 |
| Charitable contributions (2015-2016) | \$132,852 | \$6,963 | \$155,495 | \$131,228 | \$48,551 | \$18,363 | \$1,380,066 |
| Charitable contributions (cumulative) | \$8,143,326 | \$4,167,779 | \$214,143 | \$4,444,126 | \$3,314,510 | \$4,674,871 | \$50,193,195 |
| Development plans | \$2,900,000 | \$2,000,000 | \$5,226,788 | \$5,042,000 | \$2,589,300 | \$724,000 | \$144,158,408 |
| Admissions | 1,310,727 | 863,613 | 2,098,041 | 1,405,714 | 1,100,966 | 1,177,902 | 23,268,026 |
| Percentage of visitors from out-ofarea $^{3}$ | 58.3\% | 71.87\% | 76\% | 72.6\% | 18\% | 78.7\% | 46.78\% |
| Estimate of number of out-of-area visitors | 764,153 | 620,678 | 1,594,511 | 1,020,548 | 198,173 | 927,008 | 14,117,085 |
| Visitors' spending ${ }^{4}$ | \$38,207,692 | \$31,033,933 | \$79,725,558 | \$51,027,418 | \$9,908,694 | \$46,350,443 | \$705,854,611 |

Source: Louisiana Casino Association

[^2]
## RIVERBOAT GAMING FISCAL YEAR 2015-2016

 EMPLOYMENT| LICENSEE | D/B/A and LOCATION | TOTAL EMPLOYMENT |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Total Payroll | Total Employed ${ }^{*}$ | Louisiana Residents ${ }^{*}$ | Minorities* | Female* |
| Belle of Orleans, LLC | Amelia Belle Casino - Amelia | \$ 7,715,171 | 333 | 331 | 166 | 214 |
| Catfish Queen Partnership in Commendam | Belle of Baton Rouge - Baton Rouge | 19,257,997 | 539 | 532 | 438 | 321 |
| Eldorado Casino Shreveport Joint Venture | Eldorado Resort Casino Shreveport - Shreveport | 23,791,268 | 1,136 | 1,115 | 830 | 710 |
| Horseshoe Entertainment, L.P. | Horseshoe Bossier City Casino \& Hotel - Bossier City | 38,288,642 | 1,287 | 1,101 | 743 | 624 |
| Louisiana Casino Cruises, Inc. | Hollywood Casino Baton Rouge - Baton Rouge | 14,558,535 | 419 | 417 | 294 | 215 |
| Louisiana I Gaming L.P. | Boomtown New Orleans - New Orleans | 15,773,901 | 655 | 658 | 462 | 366 |
| Louisiana Riverboat Gaming Partnership | DiamondJacks Casino \& Resort - Bossier City | 15,600,020 | 495 | 490 | 381 | 295 |
| Golden Nugget Lake Charles, LLC ${ }^{1}$ | - Lake Charles | 69,331,592 | 2,127 | 2,001 | 988 | 1,111 |
| PNK (Baton Rouge) Partnership | L'Auberge Casino \& Hotel Baton Rouge - Baton Rouge | 21,160,374 | 1,074 | 1,054 | 688 | 536 |
| PNK (Bossier City), Inc. | Boomtown Bossier City - Bossier City | 12,919,561 | 553 | 547 | 387 | 339 |
| PNK (Lake Charles), LLC | L'Auberge Lake Charles - Lake Charles | 73,297,258 | 2,167 | 2,126 | 1,200 | 1,347 |
| Red River Entertainment of Shreveport, LLC | Sam's Town Hotel \& Casino - Shreveport | 22,649,968 | 864 | 854 | 674 | 517 |
| St. Charles Gaming Company, Inc. | Isle of Capri Hotel Lake Charles - Westlake | 24,023,916 | 967 | 938 | 491 | 559 |
| Treasure Chest Casino, LLC | Treasure Chest Casino - Kenner | 22,110,087 | 693 | 688 | 401 | 354 |
| Bossier Casino Venture, Inc. | Margaritaville Resort Casino - Bossier City | 30,977,477 | 1,032 | 1,021 | 710 | 641 |
| TOTAL |  | \$ 411,455,767 | 14,341 | 13,873 | 8,853 | 8,149 |

[^3]
## RIVERBOAT GAMING FISCAL YEAR 2015-2016 PROCUREMENT

| LICENSEE | D/B/A and LOCATION | TOTAL PROCUREMENT |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Louisiana Owned | Minorities | Female |
| Belle of Orleans, LLC | Amelia Belle Casino - Amelia | \$ 4,643,477 | \$ 1,478,178 | \$ 2,027,612 |
| Catfish Queen Partnership in Commendam | Belle of Baton Rouge - Baton Rouge | 8,935,848 | 1,985,499 | 2,037,173 |
| Eldorado Casino Shreveport Joint Venture | Eldorado Resort Casino Shreveport - Shreveport | 14,870,573 | 3,546,317 | 6,652,975 |
| Horseshoe Entertainment, L.P. | Horseshoe Bossier City - Bossier City | 21,684,131 | 4,508,491 | 8,707,585 |
| Louisiana Casino Cruises, Inc. | Hollywood Casino Baton Rouge - Baton Rouge | 3,966,872 | 456,828 | 490,070 |
| Louisiana I Gaming L.P. | Boomtown New Orleans - New Orleans | 11,843,555 | 2,400,245 | 2,114,514 |
| Louisiana Riverboat Gaming Partnership | DiamondJacks Casino \& Resort - Bossier City | 8,308,327 | 834,104 | 2,080,863 |
| Golden Nugget Lake Charles, LLC | - Lake Charles | 31,192,070 | 3,425,975 | 5,091,589 |
| PNK (Baton Rouge) Partnership | L'Auberge Casino \& Hotel Baton Rouge - Baton Rouge | 22,704,136 | 3,976,112 | 3,902,969 |
| PNK (Bossier City), Inc. | Boomtown Bossier City - Bossier City | 7,733,533 | 1,124,307 | 1,871,248 |
| PNK (Lake Charles), LLC | L'Auberge Lake Charles - Lake Charles | 46,602,687 | 7,494,817 | 11,665,592 |
| Red River Entertainment of Shreveport, LLC | Sam's Town Hotel \& Casino - Shreveport | 7,362,007 | 817,397 | 1,666,873 |
| St. Charles Gaming Company, Inc. | Isle of Capri Hotel Lake Charles - Westlake | 13,985,942 | 2,413,213 | 4,070,525 |
| Treasure Chest Casino, LLC | Treasure Chest Casino - Kenner | 6,988,823 | 835,227 | 1,974,536 |
| Bossier Casino Venture, Inc. | Margaritaville Resort Casino - Bossier City | 17,638,199 | 1,692,177 | 5,818,355 |
| TOTAL |  | \$ 228,460,180 | \$ 36,988,887 | \$ 60,172,479 |



RIVERBOAT SELECT DATA COMPARISON - OTHER STATES ${ }^{1}$

|  | Illinois CY 2016 | Indiana <br> FY 2016 | $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { Iowa } \\ \text { FY } 2016 \end{gathered}$ | Missouri FY 2016 | Mississippi <br> FY 2016 | Louisiana FY 2016 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Number of Vessels | 10 | 11 | 18 | 13 | 29 | 15 |
| Casino Type | Dockside/Landbased | Dockside/Landbased | Dockside/Landbased ${ }^{2}$ | Dockside | Dockside/Landbased ${ }^{3}$ | Dockside |
| AGR | \$ 1,414,431,738 | \$ 2,228,651,671 | \$ 1,437,136,230 | \$ 1,713,132,716 | \$ 2,108,317,756 | \$ 1,927,763,619 |
| State Gaming Taxes | \$ 394,926,351 | \$ 554,358,347 | \$ 301,050,807 | \$ 359,757,870 | \$ 169,846,926 | \$ 414,469,178 |
| Local Taxes or Fees | \$ 83,066,287 | \$ 50,229,576 | \$ 14,371,324 | \$ 78,485,702 | \$ 85,677,731 | \$ 83,564,752 |
| Total Employees | 7,474 | 13,427 | $0 *$ | 9,371 | 17,379 | 14,841 |
| Gaming Square Footage | 359,306 | 880,743 | 697,439 | 849,600 | 1,315,752 | 417,966 |
| Total Admissions | 12,344,698 | 57,691,761 | 21,538,433 | 42,509,915 | 22,953,331* | 23,284,777 |
| Tax Rate and/or Admission Charges: | Graduated \% of AGR $15 \%: \quad \$ 0$ to $\$ 25 \mathrm{M}$ $22.5 \%: \quad \$ 25$ to $\$ 50 \mathrm{M}$ $27.5 \%: \quad \$ 50$ to $\$ 75 \mathrm{M}$ $32.5 \%: \quad 75$ to $\$ 100 \mathrm{M}$ $37.5 \%: \$ 100$ to $\$ 150 \mathrm{M}$ $45 \%: \$ 150$ to $\$ 200 \mathrm{M}$ $50 \%: \quad$ over $\$ 200 \mathrm{M}$ Admission Tax Rates $\$ 2$ or $\$ 3$ per admission (based on previous calendar year admission totals.) |  | State Gaming Tax Rate: 5\%: \$ 0-\$1 M 10\%: \$ 1 M - \$3 M 22\%: over \$3 M <br> *Number of employees as of the end of fiscal year 2014 is no longer available. | $21 \%$ of AGR (90\% / $10 \%$ Split - State/home dock community respectively) and \& $\$ 2.00$ per admission (\$1.00 to State and $\$ 1.00$ to Local Government.) | $8 \%$ of AGR to State \& $3.2 \%$ of AGR to Local Governments <br> *Mississippi does not track, tax, or charge admission fees. Patron data is gathered through a quarterly survey. | $21.5 \%$ of AGR |

[^4]
## ILLINOIS GAMING BOARD ${ }^{1}$

## Administrator: Mark Ostrowski

801 S. $7^{\text {th }}$ Street
Suite 400-S
Springfield, Illinois 62703
Phone: (217) 524-0226
Fax: (217) 524-0228
Website: www.igb.illinois.gov
The Illinois Gaming Board (IGB) administers a regulatory and tax collection system for casino and video gaming in Illinois. The IGB also has comprehensive law enforcement responsibilities associated with casino and video gaming operations in Illinois.

The Board itself consists of five members appointed by the Governor and confirmed by the Senate. The Board's staff conducts audit, legal, enforcement, investigative, operational and financial analysis activities to ensure the integrity of riverboat and video gaming in Illinois as mandated by the Riverboat Gaming and Video Gaming Acts. The Board ensures the integrity of the gaming operations through the regulatory oversight and the licensing of gaming operations and personnel. The Board's staff conducts criminal background and financial investigations of riverboat and video gaming personnel to ensure that an applicant has no felony convictions or criminal history which would make him or her ineligible for licensure.

## TOTAL OPERATING BUDGET

| 2016 Appropriations | $\$$ | $49,188,412$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 2015 Appropriations | $\$$ | $48,279,838$ |

## SOURCE OF FUNDING

The Illinois Gaming Board's operating budget is appropriated by the Illinois General Assembly, payable from the State Gaming Fund.

## EXPENDITURES ON SALARIES

Riverboat Gaming: The Illinois Gaming Board has a cooperative relationship with the Illinois State Police, providing staffing for the IGB's Investigative, Riverboat and Video Gaming Enforcement Divisions.

Estimated 2017
\$ 49,021,000

[^5]
## INDIANA GAMING COMMISSION ${ }^{1}$

101 W. Washington Street

Executive Director: Sara G. Tait
Controller: Kendra Nigg

East Tower, Suite 1600
Indianapolis, Indiana 46204-3408
Phone: (317) 233-0046
Fax: (317) 233-0047
Website: www.in.gov/igc/index.htm
The following data reflects employment, budgetary and regulatory information for the Indiana Gaming Commission.

## TOTAL OPERATING BUDGET

FY 2016 \$3,007,300
FY 2015
\$ 3,370,402

## SOURCE OF FUNDING

The Indiana Gaming Commission's funding is appropriated from Wagering Taxes.

## EXPENDITURE ON SALARIES - INDIANA GAMING COMMISSION

$\begin{array}{ll}\text { FY } 2016 & \$ 2,702,388 \\ \text { FY } 2015 & \$ 2,703,711\end{array}$
GAMING ENFORCEMENT SALARY/WAGES and OTHER OPERATING \& ENCUMBRANCE ${ }^{2}$

FY 2016
\$ 14,192,985
FY 2015
\$ 13,633,340

## IOWA RACING AND GAMING COMMISSION ${ }^{1}$

Administrator: Brian J. Ohorilko
1300 Des Moines St.
Suite 100
Des Moines, Iowa 50309
Phone: (515) 281-7352
Fax: (515) 242-6560
Website: www.iowa.gov/irgb/

The following data reflects employment and budgetary information for the Iowa Racing and Gaming Commission which regulates Riverboat Gaming and Pari-mutuel Track Racing. In fiscal year 2015-2016, Iowa began reporting figures as combined totals for its 18 casinos, 1 horse track, and 1 dog track.

## TOTAL OPERATING BUDGET

Fiscal Year 2016
\$6,194,499

## SOURCE OF FUNDING

The riverboat gaming operations budget is a revolving fund. Regulatory fees received from each licensee maintain the revolving operations fund.

## EXPENDITURES ON SALARIES

FY 2016
\$4,754,582
FY 2015
\$2,653,898

## ALLOCATION OF EMPLOYEES

FY 2016
FY 2015

## REVENUES TO STATE

FY 2016
\$301,050,801
FY 2015

Full Time Equivalent Employees
Full Time Equivalent Employees

## REVENUES TO LOCAL GOVERNMENTS (City \& County Total)

FY 2016
FY 2015

## MISSISSIPPI GAMING COMMISSION ${ }^{1}$

P.O. Box 23577

Executive Director: Allen Godfrey
Director of Accounting \& Personnel: Shelly LeGrand
Jackson, Mississippi 39225
Phone: (601) 576-3800
Fax: (601) 576-3810
Website: www.mgc.state.ms.us
The following data reflects employment and budgetary information for the Mississippi Gaming Commission. The Mississippi Gaming Commission has a cooperative relationship with the Mississippi Highway Patrol. However, the Mississippi Gaming Commission performs all regulatory and law enforcement functions for casinos and bingo halls. The Mississippi Department of Revenue also has authority over casinos for tax collection purposes.

## TOTAL OPERATING BUDGET

FY 2016
\$ 10,716,966
FY 2015
\$ 9,877,315

## SOURCES OF FUNDING

For those licensees with 1,500 or more gaming devices, the fee is $\$ 325,000$ per year. For those with 1,000 to 1,499 gaming devices, the fee is $\$ 250,000$ per year. For those with less than 1,000 gaming devices, the fee is $\$ 150,000$ per year.

## EXPENDITURES ON SALARIES

| FY 2016 | $\$ 7,691,793$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| FY 2015 | $\$ 6,933,170$ |

## ALLOCATION OF EMPLOYEES

FY 2016 129
FY 2015 129

## ALLOCATION BY DEPARTMENT

## FY 2016

Charitable Gaming 16
Enforcement 40
Investigations 9
Others 64
${ }^{1}$ Information provided by Mississippi Gaming Commission.

# MISSOURI GAMING COMMISSION ${ }^{1}$ 

Executive Director: William K. Saibert, Jr. Assistant Deputy Director of Administration: Jennifer Wilbers

3417 Knipp Drive
Jefferson City, MO 65102
Phone: (573) 526-4080
Fax: (573) 526-1999
Website: www.mgc.dps.mo.gov
Missouri currently has thirteen (13) riverboat licenses issued.
The following data reflects employment and budgetary information for the Missouri Gaming Commission which regulates Charitable Bingo and Riverboat Gaming. The Missouri Gaming Commission will begin regulating Fantasy Sports Contest in fiscal year 2017. The Data was obtained from the Missouri Gaming Commission's Annual Report.

## TOTAL OPERATING BUDGET

## FY 2017 Budget

Personnel Services including Fringe Benefits \$ 25,886,966
Expense and Equipment \$ 1,726,519
Total Budgeted \$ 27,613,485
Full Time Equivalent Employees 239
FY 2016 Total

| Personnel Services including Fringe Benefits | $\$ 23,158,259$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Expense and Equipment | $\$ 1,279,283$ |
| Total Expended | $\$ 24,437,542$ |

## SOURCE OF FUNDING

Riverboat and Charitable Gaming operating funds are allocated through the state gaming commission fund upon recommendation of the Governor and approval of the Legislature. Funding sources for the Missouri Gaming Commission fund include licensing, admission, and other fees and reimbursable costs.

## EXPENDITURES ON SALARIES

The Missouri Gaming Commission is assigned to the Missouri Department of Public Safety for budget purposes only. The Gaming Commission has a signed Memorandum of Understanding (MOU) with the Highway Patrol whose officers provide enforcement and regulatory services. These officers' salaries are paid by the Commission.

Video Gaming


## VIDEO POKER <br> FRANCHISE FEES BY TYPE ${ }^{1}$

FY 2015-2016

| TYPE OF LOCATION | NO. OF <br> VGD'S | NO. OF <br> LOCATIONS | DOLLARS <br> IN | DOLLARS <br> OUT | NET DEVICE <br> REVENUE | FRANCHISE <br> FEES |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| BARS \& LOUNGES (Type 1) | 2,963 | 1,028 | $\$ 286,351,078$ | $\$ 190,892,539$ | $\$ 95,458,540$ | $\$ 24,819,288$ |
| RESTAURANTS (Type 2) | 1,508 | 547 | $114,476,827$ | $75,944,468$ | $38,532,358$ | $10,018,445$ |
| HOTELS (Type 3) | 51 | 8 | $4,791,691$ | $3,242,423$ | $1,549,268$ | 402,810 |
| RACE TRACKS \& OTBs <br> (Type 4) | 993 | 13 | $139,802,038$ | $97,469,519$ | $42,332,518$ | $7,619,864$ |
| TRUCK STOPS (Type 5) | 7,645 | 202 | $1,314,405,076$ | $912,080,817$ | $402,324,259$ | $130,755,488$ |
| TOTALS | $\mathbf{1 3 , 1 6 0}$ | $\mathbf{1 , 7 9 8}$ | $\mathbf{\$ 1 , 8 5 9 , 8 2 6 , 7 1 0}$ | $\mathbf{\$ 1 , 2 7 9 , 6 2 9 , 7 6 6}$ | $\mathbf{\$ 5 8 0 , 1 9 6 , 9 4 3}$ | $\mathbf{\$ 1 7 3 , 6 1 5 , 8 9 5}$ |

Source: Louisiana State Police, Video Gaming Division, and State Treasury

| NON-FRANCHISE FEES COLLECTED |  |
| :--- | ---: |
| APPLICATION FEES | $\$ 305,000$ |
| RENEWAL FEES | $1,471,400$ |
| DEVICE OPERATION FEES | $10,128,527$ |
| CIVIL PENALTIES \& INTEREST | 98,750 |
| PROCESSING FEES | 91,400 |
| TOTAL | $\mathbf{\$ 1 2 , 0 9 5 , 0 7 7 ~}$ |
|  | $\mathbf{\$ 1 8 5 , 7 1 0 , 9 7 2}$ |
| TOTAL FEES COLLECTED |  |

Source: Louisiana State Police, Gaming Enforcement Division, (Video Poker Section), and State Treasury

## VIDEO GAMING DATA BY PARISH

FY 2015-2016

| Parish | Locations | Devices | Dollars In | Dollars Out | Net Device Revenue | Franchise Fees | Local Share | State Share |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Acadia | 41 | 486 | \$80,906,529 | \$56,733,013 | \$24,173,517 | \$7,714,122 | \$1,779,600 | \$5,934,522 |
| Assumption | 19 | 158 | \$19,658,524 | \$13,563,089 | \$6,095,435 | \$1,901,893 | \$434,768 | \$1,467,125 |
| Avoyelles | 17 | 125 | \$12,569,194 | \$8,377,464 | \$4,191,729 | \$1,296,314 | \$295,214 | \$1,001,100 |
| Bossier | 47 | 254 | \$27,864,724 | \$18,343,260 | \$9,521,463 | \$2,867,051 | \$658,108 | \$2,208,943 |
| Caddo | 94 | 708 | \$90,325,750 | \$60,097,547 | \$30,228,202 | \$9,342,924 | \$2,142,859 | \$7,200,065 |
| Calcasieu | 94 | 1,014 | \$131,920,001 | \$89,436,439 | \$42,483,562 | \$13,384,792 | \$3,081,406 | \$10,303,386 |
| Cameron | 4 | 12 | \$1,306,938 | \$845,124 | \$461,814 | \$120,072 | \$27,113 | \$92,959 |
| Desoto | 9 | 173 | \$22,851,777 | \$15,727,924 | \$7,123,853 | \$2,303,892 | \$527,629 | \$1,776,263 |
| East Carroll | 7 | 36 | \$6,689,202 | \$4,643,724 | \$2,045,478 | \$618,012 | \$144,776 | \$473,236 |
| Iberville | 28 | 212 | \$40,264,960 | \$27,613,698 | \$12,651,262 | \$3,986,878 | \$913,971 | \$3,072,907 |
| Jefferson | 400 | 1,742 | \$251,240,578 | \$169,614,291 | \$81,626,287 | \$20,270,244 | \$4,838,506 | \$15,431,738 |
| Jefferson Davis | 17 | 159 | \$21,569,344 | \$15,124,971 | \$6,444,373 | \$2,030,492 | \$470,882 | \$1,559,610 |
| Lafourche | 97 | 826 | \$105,477,784 | \$73,803,789 | \$31,673,995 | \$9,834,637 | \$2,268,958 | \$7,565,679 |
| Madison | 14 | 212 | \$29,564,999 | \$19,548,758 | \$10,016,241 | \$3,222,329 | \$739,627 | \$2,482,702 |
| Orleans | 311 | 1,041 | \$97,579,631 | \$66,022,433 | \$31,557,198 | \$8,858,481 | \$2,015,719 | \$6,842,762 |


| Parish | Locations | Devices | Dollars In | Dollars Out | Net Device Revenue | Franchise Fees | Local Share | State Share |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Plaquemines | 30 | 123 | \$18,140,498 | \$12,256,205 | \$5,884,292 | \$1,729,144 | \$394,220 | \$1,334,924 |
| Pointe Coupee | 26 | 179 | \$22,061,356 | \$15,153,829 | \$6,907,527 | \$2,149,593 | \$493,256 | \$1,656,337 |
| Red River | 3 | 75 | \$11,221,487 | \$7,868,631 | \$3,352,856 | \$1,082,019 | \$250,067 | \$831,952 |
| St. Bernard | 56 | 351 | \$49,651,458 | \$33,714,070 | \$15,937,388 | \$4,098,483 | \$987,827 | \$3,110,656 |
| St. Charles | 28 | 217 | \$30,773,459 | \$21,401,562 | \$9,371,897 | \$2,561,202 | \$614,022 | \$1,947,180 |
| St. Helena | 12 | 471 | \$89,121,769 | \$62,015,658 | \$27,106,110 | \$8,794,827 | \$2,025,729 | \$6,769,098 |
| St. James | 20 | 329 | \$47,628,035 | \$33,416,731 | \$14,211,304 | \$4,566,374 | \$1,048,295 | \$3,518,079 |
| St. John | 37 | 412 | \$60,140,946 | \$42,319,614 | \$17,821,332 | \$5,144,302 | \$1,207,222 | \$3,937,080 |
| St. Landry | 58 | 586 | \$68,831,869 | \$47,812,527 | \$21,019,342 | \$6,418,475 | \$1,476,282 | \$4,942,193 |
| St. Martin | 76 | 909 | \$163,408,655 | \$114,332,064 | \$49,076,591 | \$15,287,802 | \$3,538,645 | \$11,749,157 |
| St. Mary | 50 | 350 | \$41,729,978 | \$29,128,871 | \$12,601,108 | \$3,875,116 | \$877,742 | \$2,997,374 |
| Tensas | 8 | 21 | \$2,685,380 | \$1,767,541 | \$917,838 | \$238,638 | \$53,268 | \$185,371 |
| Terrebonne | 126 | 934 | \$143,231,370 | \$100,031,864 | \$43,199,507 | \$13,040,091 | \$3,012,583 | \$10,027,509 |
| Webster | 19 | 355 | \$57,923,357 | \$40,738,299 | \$17,185,058 | \$5,531,355 | \$1,268,490 | \$4,262,866 |
| West Baton Rouge | 39 | 593 | \$99,180,256 | \$68,427,547 | \$30,752,709 | \$9,901,973 | \$2,269,668 | \$7,632,305 |
| West Feliciana | 11 | 97 | \$14,306,906 | \$9,749,229 | \$4,557,676 | \$1,444,366 | \$334,007 | \$1,110,359 |
| TOTALS | 1,798 | 13,160 | \$1,859,826,714 | \$1,279,629,767 | \$580,196,943 | \$173,615,893 | \$40,190,459 | \$133,425,437 |

Source: Louisiana State Police, Gaming Enforcement Division, (Video Poker Section), and State Treasury
The 31 parishes listed above voted to continue video poker on November 5, 1996.
Figures are rounded to the nearest whole dollar.

## VIDEO GAMING DATA BY CLASSIFICATION <br> FY 2015-2016

Video gaming devices are classified into five (5) different types according to the establishment in which the devices are located. The amount of the franchise payments are based on a percentage of net device revenue ("Net Gaming Proceeds") of each video gaming device. The percentage is based on the type of establishment in which the devices are located according to the following table:

| Type | Description | Franchise Fee \% |
| :---: | :--- | :---: |
| 1 | Bars and Lounges | $26.0 \%$ |
| 2 | Restaurants | $26.0 \%$ |
| 3 | Hotels/Motels | $26.0 \%$ |
| 4 | Racetracks \& OTB's | $22.5 \%$ |
| 5 | Truck Stops | $32.5 \%$ |

Below is a recap of Net Gaming Proceeds and Franchise Fees collected by classification. Dollar amounts below represent the entire fiscal year and the number of devices and establishments as of June 30, 2016.

| Type | Net Gaming Proceeds | Franchise Fees | Devices | Establishments |
| :---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| 1 | $\$ 95,458,540$ | $\$ 24,819,288$ | 2,963 | 1,028 |
| 2 | $38,532,358$ | $10,018,445$ | 1,508 | 547 |
| 3 | $1,549,268$ | 402,810 | 51 | 8 |
| 4 | $42,332,518$ | $7,619,864$ | 993 | 13 |
| 5 | $402,324,259$ | $130,755,488$ | 7,645 | 202 |
| TOTAL | $\$ \mathbf{5 8 0 , 1 9 6 , 9 4 3}$ | $\$ \mathbf{1 7 3 , 6 1 5 , 8 9 5}$ | $\mathbf{1 3 , 1 6 0}$ | $\mathbf{1 , 7 9 8}$ |

Source: Louisiana State Police, Gaming Enforcement Division, (Video Poker Section), and State Treasury
Figures are rounded to the nearest whole dollar amount.

## DISTRIBUTION OF VIDEO POKER REVENUE FY 2015-2016

| RECEIPTS | 2015/2016 |
| :---: | :---: |
| Number of Devices | 13,160 |
| Franchise Fees | \$ 173,615,895 |
| Other Fees and Penalties | 12,095,077 |
| TOTAL COLLECTED | \$ 185,710,972 |
| EXPENDITURES |  |
| District Attorneys \& Asst. District Attorneys | \$ 5,400,000 |
| Local Governments | 40,190,462 |
| Horsemen's Purse Supplemental Fund | 2,849,473 |
| Louisiana State Police Budget | 5,297,174 |
| Attorney General Budget | 3,335,379 |
| Management and Finance Budget | 1,985,619 |
| Compulsive and Problem Gaming Fund | 500,000 |
| TOTAL EXPENDITURES | \$ 59,558,107 |
| AMOUNT TRANSFERRED TO: |  |
| Transfer to General Fund J3 148\#6091 for FY 2016 Deficit | \$ 463,667 |
| TRANSFERRED TO GENERAL FUND | \$ 125,686,198 |

Source: Louisiana State Police, Gaming Enforcement Division, (Video Poker Section), and State Treasury Figures are rounded to the nearest whole dollar amount.

## DISTRIBUTION OF VIDEO POKER REVENUE PREVIOUS YEARS <br> FY 2015-2016

|  | 1991-93 | 1993/94 | 1994/95 | 1995/96 | 1996/97 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| NUMBER OF DEVICES | 10,074 | 13,490 | 15,414 | 15,719 | 14,851 |
| RECEIPTS: |  |  |  |  |  |
| Franchise Fees | \$42,669,000 | \$92,910,000 | \$141,489,000 | \$163,856,000 | \$173,327,000 |
| Statutory Fairgrounds |  |  |  |  |  |
| Exemption |  |  |  | (\$2,500,000) | (\$2,500,000) |
| Other Fees, Interest and Penalties | \$13,100,000 | \$14,875,000 | \$10,770,000 | \$11,165,000 | \$10,262,000 |
| Total Fees Collected | \$55,769,000 | \$107,785,000 | \$152,259,000 | \$172,521,000 | \$181,089,000 |
| EXPENDITURES: |  |  |  |  |  |
| District Attorneys \& Asst. Dist. Attys. | \$4,744,000 | \$4,845,000 | \$5,400,000 | \$5,348,000 | \$5,400,000 |
| Local Government | \$9,084,000 | \$20,142,000 | \$32,029,000 | \$37,636,000 | \$37,525,000 |
| Horsemen's Purse Supplement Fund | \$0 | \$0 | \$2,541,000 | \$2,880,000 | \$3,037,000 |
| Budget - LSP/AG/OMV | \$5,468,000 | \$2,816,000 | \$4,516,000 | \$4,515,000 | \$4,347,000 |
| Compulsive and Problem Gaming Fund | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$150,000 | \$150,000 |
| Total Expenditures | \$19,296,000 | \$27,803,000 | \$44,486,000 | \$50,529,000 | \$50,459,000 |
| Seed Adv/Carry | \$0 | \$0 | (\$137,000) | \$137,000 | \$0 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Amount Transferred to |  |  |  |  |  |
| General Fund |  |  |  |  |  |
| (Act 67/XO KBB 2005-82) |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Amount Transferred to Current Year (Act 16) | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 |
| Transferred to General Fund | \$36,473,000 | \$79,982,000 | \$107,636,000 | \$122,129,000 | \$130,630,000 |

Source: Louisiana State Police, Video Gaming Division and Department of the Treasury
Figures are rounded to the nearest whole dollar amount.

|  | 1997/98 | 1998/99 | 1999/00 | 2000/01 | 2001/02 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| NUMBER OF DEVICES | 14,996 | 15,638 | 12,937 | 13,424 | 13,720 |
| RECEIPTS: |  |  |  |  |  |
| Franchise Fees | \$183,579,000 | \$188,714,000 | \$135,242,000 | \$144,764,070 | \$155,942,916 |
| Statutory Fairgrounds |  |  |  |  |  |
| Exemption | (\$566,000) |  |  |  |  |
| Other Fees, Interest and Penalties | \$10,585,000 | \$10,370,000 | \$9,717,000 | \$10,099,001 | \$8,658,592 |
| Total Fees Collected | \$193,598,000 | \$199,084,000 | \$144,959,000 | \$154,863,071 | \$164,601,508 |
| EXPENDITURES: |  |  |  |  |  |
| District Attorneys \& Asst. Dist. Attys. | \$5,205,000 | \$5,400,000 | \$5,400,000 | \$5,400,000 | \$5,400,000 |
| Local Government | \$40,848,000 | \$43,424,000 | \$30,107,000 | \$32,552,000 | \$34,945,308 |
| Horsemen's Purse Supplement Fund | \$3,250,000 | \$3,360,000 | \$2,417,000 | \$2,554,664 | \$2,719,186 |
| Budget - LSP/AG/OMV | \$4,400,000 | \$4,400,000 | \$4,400,000 | \$4,400,000 | \$4,400,000 |
| Compulsive and Problem Gaming Fund | \$150,000 | \$500,000 | \$500,000 | \$500,000 | \$500,000 |
| Total Expenditures | \$53,853,000 | \$57,084,000 | \$42,824,000 | \$45,406,664 | \$47,964,494 |
| Seed Adv/Carry | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Amount Transferred to |  |  |  |  |  |
| General Fund |  |  |  |  |  |
| (Act 67/XO KBB 2005-82) |  |  |  |  |  |
| Amount Transferred to Current Year (Act 16) | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 |
| Transferred to General Fund | \$139,745,000 | \$142,000,000 | \$102,135,000 | \$109,456,407 | \$116,637,014 |


|  | 2002/03 | 2003/04 | 2004/05 | 2005/06 | 2006/07 | 2007/08 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| NUMBER OF DEVICES | 14,551 | 14,296 | 14,297 | 13,571 | 14,014 | 14,561 |
| RECEIPTS: |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Franchise Fees | \$162,156,607 | \$165,991,242 | \$172,156,682 | \$203,062,421 | \$203,869,961 | \$201,230,926 |
| Statutory Fairgrounds |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Exemption |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Other Fees, Interest and Penalties | \$12,799,529 | \$11,118,335 | \$11,613,093 | \$11,022,428 | \$10,476,413 | \$10,507,183 |
| Total Fees Collected | \$174,956,136 | \$177,109,577 | \$183,769,775 | \$214,084,849 | \$214,346,374 | \$211,738,109 |
| EXPENDITURES: |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| District Attorneys \& Asst. Dist. Attys. | \$5,400,000 | \$5,400,000 | \$5,400,000 | \$5,400,000 | \$5,400,000 | \$5,400,000 |
| Local Government | \$37,511,792 | \$38,045,716 | \$39,687,762 | \$44,994,326 | \$47,206,389 | \$46,581,631 |
| Horsemen's Purse Supplement Fund | \$2,809,653 | \$2,830,005 | \$2,919,077 | \$3,407,143 | \$3,420,394 | \$3,323,584 |
| Budget - LSP/AG/OMV | \$4,400,000 | \$4,400,000 | \$ 7,973,014 | \$9,017,787 | \$8,400,360 | \$8,370,183 |
| Compulsive and Problem Gaming Fund | \$500,000 | \$500,000 | \$500,000 | \$500,000 | \$500,000 | \$500,000 |
| Total Expenditures | \$50,621,445 | \$51,175,721 | \$56,479,853 | \$63,319,256 | \$64,927,143 | \$64,175,398 |
| Seed Adv/Carry | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 |
| Amount Transferred to |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| General Fund |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Amount Transferred to Gen Fund |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 5\% Budget Reduction |  |  |  | \$2,150,000 |  |  |
| (Act 67/XO KBB 2005-82) |  |  |  |  | \$0 |  |
| Amount Transferred to Current Year (Act 16) | \$0 | \$0 | \$2,862,500 | \$2,862,500 |  | \$1,115,489 |
| Transferred to General Fund | \$124,334,691 | \$125,933,855 | \$124,427,422 | \$151,478,093 | \$149,419,231 | \$148,678,200 |


|  | 2008/09 | 2009/10 | 2010/11 | 2011/12 | 2012/13 | 2013/14 | 2014/15 | 2015/16 | TOTAL |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| NUMBER OF DEVICES | 14,571 | 14,727 | 14,665 | 14,467 | 14,108 | 14,081 | 14,171 | 13,160 |  |
| RECEIPTS: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Franchise Fees | \$200,082,048 | \$180,406,985 | \$182,748,588 | \$181,084,286 | \$182,051,479 | \$175,867,660 | \$178,926,575 | \$173,615,895 | \$3,985,744,341 |
| Statutory Fairgrounds |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | \$0 |
| Exemption |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | (\$5,566,000) |
| Other Fees, Interest and Penalties | \$12,052,516 | \$12,056,605 | \$12,317,604 | \$12,217,814 | \$12,220,654 | \$11,895,796 | \$11,837,620 | \$12,095,077 | \$273,832,260 |
| Total Fees Collected | \$212,134,564 | \$192,463,590 | \$195,066,192 | \$193,302,100 | \$194,272,133 | \$187,763,456 | \$190,764,195 | \$185,710,972 | \$4,254,010,601 |
| EXPENDITURES: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| District Attorneys \& Asst. Dist. Attys. | \$5,400,000 | \$5,400,000 | \$5,400,000 | \$5,400,000 | \$5,400,000 | \$5,400,000 | \$5,400,000 | \$5,400,000 | \$128,142,000 |
| Local Government | \$44,442,291 | \$41,847,270 | \$42,487,855 | \$42,055,165 | \$42,297,004 | \$40,685,838 | \$40,917,526 | \$40,190,462 | \$907,243,335 |
| Horsemen's Purse Supplement Fund | \$3,294,216 | \$2,976,971 | \$3,015,623 | \$2,981,439 | \$2,982,918 | \$2,910,005 | \$2,931,418 | \$2,849,473 | \$65,410,770 |
| Budget - LSP/AG/OMV | \$8,848,937 | \$8,192,681 | \$8,312,216 | \$8,596,468 | \$8,770,656 | \$8,936,772 | \$9,713,282 | \$10,618,172 | \$158,212,528 |
| Compulsive and Problem Gaming Fund | \$500,000 | \$500,000 | \$500,000 | \$500,000 | \$500,000 | \$500,000 | \$500,000 | \$500,000 | \$9,450,000 |
| Total Expenditures | \$62,485,444 | \$58,916,923 | \$59,715,694 | \$59,533,072 | \$59,950,578 | \$58,432,615 | \$59,462,226 | \$59,558,107 | \$1,268,458,632 |
| Seed Adv/Carry | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 |
| Amount Transferred to General Fund |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | \$2,150,000 |
| (Act 67/XO KBB 2005-82) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Transfer 5\% Deficit Reduction (T130) |  |  |  |  |  |  | \$515,843 |  | \$515,843 |
| Transfer to General Fund J3 148 \#5737 for Deficit \#2 |  |  |  |  |  |  | \$100,000 |  | \$100,000 |
| Transfer to General Fund J3 148 \#6091 for FY 2016Deficit |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | \$463,667 | \$463,667 |
| Transfer to General Fund J3 148 \#5737 per act 121 |  |  |  |  |  |  | \$3,500,000 |  | \$3,500,000 |
| Amount Transferred to Current Year (Act 16) | \$2,242,500 | \$2,976,971 |  |  |  |  |  |  | \$6,840,489 |
| Transferred to General Fund | \$147,406,620 | \$133,546,667 | \$135,350,498 | \$133,769,028 | \$134,321,555 | \$129,330,841 | \$127,701,969 | \$125,689,198 | \$2,978,211,291 |

# Video Gaming Other States 



## MONTANA ${ }^{1}$

Administrator: Rick Ask

Montana Department of Justice
Gambling Control Division
2550 Prospect Avenue
P. O. Box 201424

Helena, Montana 59620-1424
Phone: (406) 444-1971
Fax: (406) 444-9157
Website: www.dojmt.gov/gaming
Montana legalized and implemented video poker in 1985. Its Legislature enacted a $15 \%$ tax on video gambling machines ("VGM") in 1987. Currently, an individual VGM permit fee is $\$ 240$ for the full fiscal year. That amount is reduced each subsequent quarter by a pro-rated amount. Approximately $41 \%$ of the fee goes to the local government where the machine is located, and the balance goes to the Gambling Special Revenue Fund.

| 2016 Montana Video Lottery Revenue |  |
| :--- | ---: |
| Total Annual Net Income | $\$ 402.6$ million |
| Video Gambling Tax Collected | $\$ 60.39$ million |
| Approximate Average Daily Gross  <br> Income Per Machine $\$ 55.13$ <br> Total Establishments at end of FY 2012 1,436 <br> Average Number of Machines Reporting 17,007 $\mathbf{l}$ |  |

As fiscal year 2016 ended, approximately $99 \%$ of all video gambling machines were reporting taxes and processing permits online. According to the Montana Department of Justice, online services have made the permitting of video gambling machines much more convenient for gambling operators, and have substantially improved the accuracy of video gambling machine tax reporting.

[^6]
## OREGON ${ }^{1}$

Director: Larry Niswender

Oregon State Lottery Commission
500 Airport Road SE
Salem, Oregon 97301
Phone: (503) 540-1000
Fax: (503) 541-1168
Website: www.oregonlottery.org
Oregon began operating Video Lottery Terminals ("VLTs") in 1992 and now offers both line games and poker games. Oregon law permits qualifying retailers to have up to six VLTs. Oregon's Video Lottery business model of state ownership and control is unique among U.S. lotteries. While Oregon has the lowest video retailer compensation rate in the U.S., Oregon also purchases and services all of the capital equipment for its Video Lottery System.

Video Lottery remains the largest source of revenue for the Lottery Commission and represents 69.1 percent of total sales revenue.

| 2016 Oregon Video Lottery Revenue |  |
| :--- | ---: |
| Video Lottery Sales | $\$ 876,475,310$ |


| Distribution of Lottery Revenue ${ }^{2}$ |  |  |
| :--- | :---: | ---: |
| Transfers Paid/Due to Economic Development <br> (including unclaimed prizes) | Department | 588,491,652 |
| Total Revenue Returned to the Public | $\$$ | $572,925,392$ |
| Administrative Expenses | $\$$ | $362,062,003$ |
| Retained for Contingency Reserve | $\$$ | $61,309,746$ |
| Total Revenue Distribution | $\mathbf{\$ 1 0 , 3 9 5 , 7 1 3 , 1 5 5}$ |  |

[^7]
## WEST VIRGINIA $^{1}$

Director: John C. Musgrave

West Virginia Lottery Commission
312 MacCorkle Avenue S.E.
Post Office Box 2067
Charleston, West Virginia 25327
Phone: (304) 558-0500
Fax: (304) 558-3870
Website: www.wvlottery.com
Limited Video Lottery games were approved by the West Virginia Legislature in April of 2001. The legislation provides for the operation of up to 9,000 Limited Video Lottery Terminals. Presently, 6,464 terminals are in operation, limited to 5 terminals per bar or 10 terminals per fraternal organization.

In general the profits from video lottery gaming are used to fund West Virginia programs for senior citizens, education and tourism. Today, excess funds are deposited into the State's Excess Lottery Revenue Fund. This fund is used to provide West Virginia students with college scholarships and to back bonds for economic development endeavors. West Virginia cities and counties also receive two percent of the State's revenues produced by the Limited Video Lottery Terminals located within their geographic boundaries. A comparative summary of limited video lottery revenues for fiscal years ending June 30, 2015, and June 30, 2016, follows.

| West Virginia Video Lottery <br> Revenue | $\mathbf{2 0 1 5}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 1 6}$ |
| :--- | ---: | ---: |
| Total Credits played | $\$ 4,462,898,000$ | $\$ 4,339,155,000$ |
| Credits (prizes) won | $4,089,677,000$ | $4,089,677,000$ |
| Gross terminal income | $373,221,000$ | $360,814,000$ |
| Administrative Costs | $7,465,000$ | $7,216,000$ |
| Gross profit | $365,756,000$ | $353,598,000$ |
| Commissions | $182,878,000$ | $176,799,000$ |
| Distributions to municipalities and counties | $7,315,000$ |  |
| Limited video lottery revenues |  |  |
| available for distribution |  |  |

[^8]

## LOUISIANA LANDBASED CASINO GAMING ${ }^{1}$

## FY 2015-2016

Admissions for fiscal year 2015-2016 were 4,791,171. Revenue data is as follows:

|  | Gross Gaming Revenue | State Tax Remittance |
| :--- | ---: | ---: |
| July | $\$ 35,964,794$ | $\$ 5,081,967$ |
| August | $22,567,927$ | $5,081,967$ |
| September | $24,520,784$ | $4,918,033$ |
| October | $26,519,041$ | $5,081,967$ |
| November | $22,709,050$ | $4,918,033$ |
| December | $22,056,708$ | $5,081,967$ |
| January | $22,508,568$ | $5,081,967$ |
| February | $25,616,413$ | $4,754,098$ |
| March | $23,958,789$ | $8,882,966$ |
| April | $24,600,768$ | $4,931,507$ |
| May | $23,274,096$ | $5,095,890$ |
| June | $19,460,894$ | $4,931,507$ |
|  |  |  |
| TOTAL | $\mathbf{2 ~ 2 9 3 , 7 5 7 , 8 3 2}$ | $\mathbf{6 3 , 8 4 1 , 8 6 9}$ |

FY 2014-2015
Admissions for fiscal year 2014-2015 were 4,847,730. Revenue data is as follows:

|  | Gross Gaming Revenue | State Tax Remittance |
| :--- | ---: | ---: |
| July | $\$ 28,502,826$ | $\$ 5,095,890$ |
| August | $27,203,002$ | $5,095,890$ |
| September | $24,037,906$ | $4,931,507$ |
| October | $27,373,126$ | $5,095,890$ |
| November | $26,814,327$ | $4,931,507$ |
| December | $30,347,674$ | $5,095,890$ |
| January | $26,216,771$ | $5,095,890$ |
| February | $26,393,892$ | $4,602,740$ |
| March | $30,209,516$ | $16,582,512$ |
| April | $25,485,274$ | $4,918,033$ |
| May | $24,113,961$ | $5,081,967$ |
| June | $20,727,527$ | $4,918,033$ |
|  |  |  |
| TOTAL | $\mathbf{\$ 3 1 7 , 4 2 5 , 8 0 2}$ | $\mathbf{\$ 7 1 , 4 4 5 , 7 4 9}$ |

[^9]

## OTHER STATES

## COLORADO ${ }^{1}$

Director: Flavio Quintana

## Division of Gaming

Golden (main office)
17301 W. Colfax Avenue, Suite 135
Golden, Colorado 80401
Phone: (303) 205-1300
Fax: (303) 205-1342
Website: www.colorado.gov/revenue/gaming
Colorado casinos allow $\$ 100$ maximum bets, offer the games of craps, roulette, blackjack and poker, and remain open 24 hours a day, 7 days a week. Colorado is unique in the fact that its Limited Gaming Control Commission establishes the tax rates on casino revenues and, further it does so on an annual basis.

| FY 2016 TAX YEAR BASIS |  |
| :--- | ---: |
| Total Devices | 13,618 |
| Total AGP | $\$ 802,705,186$ |
| Gaming Taxes | $\$ 116,287,104$ |
| No. of Accounts | 35 |

Colorado Limited Gaming Fund Distribution Formula (after retention of expenses to operate the Division of Gaming and related expenses) are:
$50 \%$ to the "state share," which was statutorily distributed to:

- the State General Fund
- the Local Government Limited Gaming Impact Fund
- the Colorado Travel and Tourism Promotion Fund
- the Innovative Higher Education Research Fund
- the Creative Industries Cash Fund
- the Advanced Industries Acceleration Cash Fund
- the Colorado Office of Film, Television and media Operational Account Cash Fund
$28 \%$ to the State Historical Fund
- $20 \%$ (of $28 \%$ ) distributed by the State Historical Society to the governing bodies of Cripple Creek, Central and Black Hawk (in proportion to the revenues generated in the respect cities.
- $8 \%$ (of the $28 \%$ ) used for historic preservation and restoration throughout the state.

[^10]
## KANSAS ${ }^{1}$

## Executive Director: Terry Presta

## Kansas Lottery

Kansas Lottery Headquarters
128 N Kansas Avenue
Topeka, Kansas 66603
Phone: (785) 296-5700
Fax: (785) 296-7210
Website: www.kslottery.com
The Kansas Expanded Lottery Act ("KELA") was enacted in 2007. KELA authorized the Kansas Lottery to own and operate casino gaming in four "gaming zones." Through a competitive bid process, the Kansas Lottery now holds contracts with companies that manage the State's casino games in three of the four gaming zones. All three casinos are now fully open to the public and generating revenue for the State, Local Governments, Problem Gambling and Addictions Grant Fund, and Casino Mangers. Fiscal Year 2014 revenues and transfers are noted below.

The State's share of Casino revenue is deposited into the Expanded Lottery Act Revenues Fund for purposes of reduction of State debt, State infrastructure improvements, reduction of local ad valorem tax, and other purposes as directed by the Kansas Legislature. All expenses related to casino operations, including all expenses of the Kansas Lottery and the Kansas Racing and Gaming Commission, are reimbursed by the casino managers.

| FY 2016 Expanded Lottery |  |
| :--- | ---: |
| Expanded Lottery Revenue | $\$ 364,371,095$ |
| Payment to Expanded Lottery Act Revenues Fund | $\$ 80,226,159$ |
| Local Units of Government | $\$ 10,931,133$ |
| Problem Gambling and Addictions Grant Fund | $\$ 7,287,423$ |
| Casino Manager | $\$ 265,926,380$ |

[^11]
## MICHIGAN ${ }^{1}$

Executive Director: Richard Kalm

## Michigan Gaming Control Board

Cadillac Place
3062 West Grand Boulevard, L-700
Detroit, MI 48202-6062
Phone: (313) 456-4100
Fax: (313) 456-4200
Website: www.michigan.gov/mgcb
In November of 1996, Michigan voters approved Proposal E, effectively authorizing three licensed casinos to be built in Detroit. Proposal E was later amended and then signed into law as the Michigan Gaming Control \& Revenue Act.

## - MGM Grand Detroit, LLC Casino

On July 28, 1999, the MGCB issued a commercial casino license to
MGM Grand Detroit, LLC ( $\mathrm{d} / \mathrm{b} / \mathrm{a}$ MGM Grand Detroit Casino).

## - MotorCity Casino

On December 14, 1999, the MGCB issued a commercial casino license to Detroit Entertainment, LLC (d/b/a Motor City Casino).

- Greektown Casino, LLC

On November 8, 2000, the MGCB issued a commercial casino license to Greektown Casino, LLC (d/b/a Greektown Casino).

## State of Michigan wagering tax rate

The tax rate paid to the State Gaming Casino Fund is currently $8.1 \%$. City wagering tax rates for Detroit are $10.9 \%$.

| Calendar Year 2016 Revenue Data |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| Total Adjusted Gross Receipts | $\$ 1,385,601,766.43$ |
| Total State Wagering Tax | $\$ 112,233,743.08$ |

- The City of Detroit uses its city wagering tax for street patrol officers, neighborhood and downtown economic development programs to create local jobs, public safety programs, anti-gang and youth development programs, programs designed to improve quality of life in Detroit, tax relief, capital improvements, and road repair and improvements. Revenue from the state wagering tax goes to the State School Aid Fund to provide additional funding for K-12 public classroom education.

[^12]
## NEVADA ${ }^{1}$

Senior Research Analyst: Michael Lawton

## Nevada Gaming Control Board

1919 E. College Parkway
Carson City, Nevada 89706
Phone: (775) 684-7750
Fax: (775) 684-7787
Website: www.gaming.nv.gov
At the end of fiscal year $2015-2016$, there were a combined total of 174,548 slot machines, 5,818 table games, and 871 poker tables throughout the state of Nevada.

| FY 2016 Revenue Data |  |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: |
| Gaming Win (Statewide) | $\$ 11,257.147$ |  |
| Slots | $\$$ 7.124.768 |  |
| Table games | $\$$ | $4,093.991$ |
| State Gaming Taxes | $\$$ | $909,857,085$ |


| Distribution of Funds |  |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| General Fund | $\$$ | $864,002,481$ |
| Dedicated funds (Schools, Counties) | $\$$ | $45,854,604$ |

## STATE GAMING LICENSE FEE AND TAX RATE SCHEDULE FOR NON-RESTRICTED AND RESTRICTED LICENSEES

I. Non-restricted Gaming License: Issued for the operation of games and/or tables only; or, for the operation of 16 or more slot machines only; or, for the operation of games and/or tables in conjunction with slot machines.
A. Slot Machines:

1. Annual Tax (NRS 463.385)

Rates are $\$ 250.00$ per machine, payable in advance; computed on a prorated basis.
2. Quarterly License Fee (NRS 463.375)

Rates are $\$ 20.00$ per machine, payable in advance; no proration.
B. Games:

1. Annual License Fee (NRS 463.380)

Payable in advance; no proration, except that monthly proration will apply if the operation is new or the operation has been temporarily closed with the approval of the State Gaming Control Board.

[^13]| Number of Games | Fee Due |
| :---: | :---: |
| $1 \quad$ game | $\$ 100.00$ total |
| 2 games | $\$ 200.00$ total |
| 3 games | $\$ 400.00$ total |
| 4 games | $\$ 750.00$ total |
| 5 games | $\$ 1,750.00$ total |
| $6-7$ games | $\$ 3,000.00$ total |
| $8-10$ games | $\$ 6,000.00$ total |
| $11-13$ games | $\$ 650.00$ for each game |
| $14-16$ games | $\$ 1,000.00$ for each game |
| 17 or more games | $\$ 16,000.00$ plus $\$ 200.00$ for <br> each game over 16 |

2. Quarterly License Fee (NRS 463.383) Payable in advance; no proration.

| For non-restricted licensees operating 10 or less games |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| Number of Games | Fee Due |
| 1 game | \$12.50 total |
| 2 games | \$25.00 total |
| 3 games | \$50.00 total |
| 4 games | \$93.75 total |
| 5 games | \$218.75 total |
| 6-7 games | \$375.00 total |
| 8-10 games | \$750.00 total |


| For non-restricted licensees operating more than 10 games |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| Number of Games | Fee Due |
| $1-16$ games | $\$ 125.00$ each game |
| $17-26$ games | $\$ 2,000.00$ plus $\$ 1,200.00$ for each game |
| $27-35$ games | $\$ 14,000.00$ plus $\$ 700.00$ for each game |
| 36 or more games | $\$ 20,300.00$ plus $\$ 25.00$ for each game |

C. Monthly Percentage Fee (NRS 463.370)

Based on gross gaming revenue - payable on or before the 24th day of each month covering the preceding calendar month at the following rates:

- $3.5 \%$ of the first $\$ 50,000$ during the month plus
- $4.5 \%$ of the next $\$ 84,000$ plus
- $6.75 \%$ of revenue exceeding $\$ 134,000$.


## D. Live Entertainment Tax (NRS 368A)

Restricted licensees are subject to a Live Entertainment Tax if all of the following three criteria are met:

1. Live entertainment is offered on the premises.
2. An admission charge or drink minimum is collected.
3. The facility in which the live entertainment is provided has a maximum seating/occupancy capacity of at least 200 as determined by the state fire marshal or other official.

The tax is paid quarterly and is payable on or before the 10th day of the month following the end of the preceding calendar quarter.

Non-restricted licensees who license more than 50 slot machines, more than 5 games or any combination thereof and offer live entertainment in a facility with a maximum occupancy/seating of less than 7,500 are subject to a Live Entertainment Tax. For nonrestricted locations that license less than 51 slot machines, less than 6 games or any combination thereof, the tax applies only if entertainment is provided in a facility with a maximum occupancy/seating of at least 200 and an admission charge is collected.

The tax rate is $10 \%$ of all amounts paid for food, refreshment, merchandise, and admission or similar charges while in live entertainment status. Live entertainment status commences either at the time entertainment starts or at the time when any charge such as admission, entertainment fee, minimum, cover, or similar charge is paid, whichever is earlier. Non-restricted licensees who offer live entertainment in an area with a maximum occupancy/seating of at least 7,500 are subject to a $5 \%$ tax on admission sales only.

Non-restricted licensees who offer live entertainment in an area with a maximum occupancy/seating of at least 7,500 are subject to a $5 \%$ tax on admission sales.

The tax for non-restricted licensees is payable on or before the 15th day of each month covering the preceding calendar month.
II. "RESTRICTED" Gaming License: Issued for the operation of not more than 15 slot machines and no other games.

## A. Slot Machines:

1. Annual Tax (NRS 463.385)
$\$ 250.00$ per machine payable in advance; computed on a prorated basis
2. Quarterly License Fee (NRS 463.373)

Maximum $\$ 1,815.00$, payable in advance; no proration.

## NEW JERSEY ${ }^{1}$

Public Information Officer: Daniel Heneghan

## New Jersey Casino Control Commission

Tennessee Avenue and Boardwalk
Atlantic City, New Jersey 08401
Phone: (609) 441-3799
Fax: (609) 441-3329
Website: www.state.nj.us/casinos
On February 1, 2011, Governor Chris Christie signed Bill S-12 into law which transferred regulatory power over the casinos from the Casino Control Commission to the Division of Gaming Enforcement and eliminated many regulations. Eleven (11) landbased casinos were in operation in New Jersey at the end of calendar year 2015.

| Calendar Year 2016 |  |
| :--- | :---: |
| Total Gaming Win | $\$ 2,563,117,556$ |
| Internet Gaming Win | $\$ 148,880,180$ |
| Gross Revenue Tax | $\$ 197,024,198$ |
| Reinvestment obligations * | $\$ \quad 33,904,675$ |

*Casinos are required to reinvest $1.25 \%$ of gross revenues in projects approved by the Casino Reinvestment Development Authority.

## Internet Gaming

On February 26, 2013, Governor Christie signed A-2578 into law as P.L. 2013, c.27. This law authorizes internet gaming in New Jersey for a period of ten years following the operative date of the law as determined by the Division of Gaming Enforcement, The operative date was November 25, 2013, and casinos began full internet gambling on November 26, 2013.
(Note: The Division of Gaming Enforcement adopted Internet gaming regulations effective October 21, 2013.)

## Use of Funds

New Jersey law requires that the state tax, $8 \%$ of casino adjusted gross revenue, shall be used for programs aiding senior citizens and the disabled, specifically including a pharmaceutical drug assistance program, an annual cash credit toward utility costs, a transportation assistance program and others.

[^14]
## PENNSYLVANIA ${ }^{1}$

Pennsylvania Gaming Control Board
P.O. Box 69060

Harrisburg, Pennsylvania 17106-9060
Phone: (717) 346-8321
Fax: (717) 346-8350
Website: www.gamingcontrolboard.pa.gov
Email: PGCB @ pa.gov
The Pennsylvania Gaming Control Board was established in 2004 with the passage of Act 71, also known as the Race Horse Development and Gaming Act. Pennsylvania's first new state agency in nearly 40 years, the Gaming Control Board is tasked to oversee all aspects of the state's casino industry with the administrative cost of regulation borne directly by applicants and licensed operators. At present, 12 casinos are in operation, offering both slot machine play and table games, and employing over 1,800 people. Gaming revenue has delivered property tax reductions for all Pennsylvania homeowners, and provided funding needed for the Commonwealth's horse racing industry, fire companies, water/sewer projects, and the state's General Fund. The casino industry has also established a new stream of tax revenue to local governments for community projects.

There are a total of 14 gaming licenses available in Pennsylvania. Each horse racing (7) or stand alone (5) venue is authorized to operate up to 5,000 slot machines and 250 table games. Each resort license (2) is authorized to operate up to 600 slot machines and 50 table games.

Casino slot machine revenue was taxed at roughly 53.42 percent of gross slot revenue in fiscal year 20155/2016. Casino table game revenue is taxed at 16 percent of gross table game revenue effective August 2016. (see chart below).

| FY 2015/2016 Gross Revenue and Distribution |  |
| :--- | ---: |
| 2015/2016 Gross Revenue | $\$ 2,338,658,549$ |
| State Tax - Property Tax Reduction (34\%) | $812,143,907$ |
| Local Tax Government Tax (4\%) | $95,546,342$ |
| Economic development Tax (5\%) | $119,432,928$ |
| Race Horse Development Tax 2014/2015 | $249,010,443$ |
| FY 2016 Table Games Gross Revenue | $339,177,086$ |
| State Tax - General Fund Budget (12\%) | $102,901,667$ |
| Local Host Government Tax (2\%) | $16,783,543$ |

[^15]
## SOUTH DAKOTA ${ }^{1}$

## Commission on Gaming

221 West Capitol Avenue, Suite 101
Pierre, South Dakota 57501
Phone: (605) 773-6050
Fax: (605) 773-6053
Website: www.dor.sd.gov/gaming

## Executive Secretary: Larry Eliason

## Deadwood Office:

696 Main Street, $2^{\text {nd }}$ Floor
Phone: (605) 578-3074
Fax: (605) 578-2263

| DEADWOOD, SOUTH DAKOTA |  |  |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| LANDBASED CASINO GAMING REVENUE |  |  |  |
| GAMING ACTION | FY 2014 | FY 2015 | FY 2016 |
| Total Gaming Action | $\$ 1,103,182,108$ | $\$ 1,149,608,285$ | $\$ 1,157,248,816$ |
| Won By Bettors | $1,000,976,821$ | $1,043,619,486$ | $1,048,097,233$ |
| Total Gross Revenue | $102,205,287$ | $105,988,799$ | $109,151,583$ |
| LESS: City Slot Revenue | $3,565,072$ | $3,698,618$ | $3,922,897$ |
| Adjusted Gross Revenue | $98,640,214$ | $102,290,180$ | $105,228,686$ |
| Number of Licensed Devices | 3,406 | 3,270 | 3,209 |
| Device Tax $\%$ | $6,812,000$ | $6,540,000$ | $6,418,000$ |
| Gross Revenue Tax \% | $8,885,345$ | $8,993,841$ | $9,255,887$ |
| City Slot Tax \% | 257,647 | 295,352 | 401,500 |

The tax rate is defined by SDCL 42-7B-28 and 42-7B-28.1 and total $9 \%$ of the adjusted gross revenue. SDCL 42-7B-28.1, 42-7B-48, 42-7B-48.1, 42-7B-48.3 establish the distribution structure of these taxes collected.

Per 42-7B-28.1, $1 \%$ of the adjusted gross revenue goes directly to the State General Fund.
According to 42-7B-48, $8 \%$ of the adjusted gross revenue is distributed as follows:

- $40 \%$ of the tax is transferred to the Department of Tourism
- $10 \%$ is paid to Lawrence County
- $50 \%$ stays in the commission fund

In addition, each device which includes both table games and slot machines is assessed an annual device fee of $\$ 2,000.00$ payable before July 1st of each year. These device fees, all licensing fees and all other miscellaneous revenue received by this office are deposited with the state treasury in the commission fund.

When the net municipal proceeds paid to the City of Deadwood reaches $\$ 6,800,000$ and in accordance with SDCL 42-7B-48.1, the distribution of funds in excess of this amount changes to:

- $70 \%$ of the excess was transferred to the State's general fund
- $10 \%$ was distributed to other municipalities in Lawrence County (pro rata according to population
- $10 \%$ was distributed to school districts in Lawrence County(pro rata based upon the previous year's average daily membership)
- $10 \%$ to the City of Deadwood

Per 42-7B-48.2, the amount which is distributed to the school districts is offset by a dollar for dollar reduction in state aid which the district receives.

[^16]

# LIVE RACING FACILITY PARI-MUTUEL SLOT MACHINE GAMING 

## LOUISIANA

By Act 721 of the 1997 Regular Session, the Legislature authorized slot machine gaming at live horse racing facilities in St. Landry, Bossier, and Calcasieu Parishes. Voters approved slot machine gaming in those parishes and taxing districts have been authorized and established.

By Act 352 of the 2003 Regular Session, the Legislature authorized limited slot machine gaming at the eligible facility in Orleans Parish. By Act 591 of the 2006 Regular Session, the Legislature authorized a maximum of seven hundred slot machines at the eligible facility in Orleans Parish.

Slot machine gaming at Delta Downs in Calcasieu Parish commenced on February 13, 2002. Harrah's Racetrack \& Casino in Bossier Parish commenced slot operations on May 21, 2003. Evangeline Downs in St. Landry Parish opened for slot machine gaming on December 19, 2003. Slot machine gaming at the Fair Grounds commenced operation in a temporary facility on September 19, 2007, with the permanent facility opening on November 7, 2008.

| DELTA DOWNS RACETRACK \& CASINO |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| Revenue for FY 2015-2016 | Total |
| Delta Downs' Adjusted Gross Revenue | $\$ 179,469,360$ |
| Less Purse Supplements | $\$ 26,920,404$ |
| Less Executive Committee Breeders Assn. <br> Thoroughbred and Quarter Horse Breeders | $\$$ |
| Taxable Net Slot Machine Proceeds | 5,384,080 |
| State Tax (18.5\%) | $\$ 147,164,876$ |


| HARRAH'S RACETRACK \& CASINO |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Revenue for FY 2015-2016 | Total |  |
| Harrah's Louisiana Downs' Adjusted Gross Revenue | \$ | 44,625,625 |
| Less Purse Supplements | \$ | 6,693,843 |
| Less Executive Committee Breeders Assn. Thoroughbred and Quarter Horse Breeders | \$ | 1,338,768 |
| Taxable Net Slot Machine Proceeds | \$ | 36,593,014 |
| State Tax (18.5\%) | \$ | 6,769,708 |


| EVANGELINE DOWNS |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Revenue for FY 2015-2016 | Tota |  |
| Evangeline Downs' Adjusted Gross Revenue | \$ | 87,169,990 |
| Less Purse Supplements | \$ | 13,075,498 |
| Less Executive Committee Breeders Assn. Thoroughbred and Quarter Horse Breeders | \$ | 2,615,099 |
| Taxable Net Slot Machine Proceeds | \$ | 71,479,393 |
| State Tax (18.5\%) | \$ | 13,223,688 |


| FAIR GROUNDS |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Revenue for FY 2015-2016 | Total |  |
| Fair Grounds' Adjusted Gross Revenue | $\$ \quad 42,000,501$ |  |
| Less Purse Supplements | $\$$ | $6,300,075$ |
| Less Executive Committee Breeders Assn. <br> Thoroughbred and Quarter Horse Breeders |  |  |
| Taxable Net Slot Machine Proceeds | $\$$ | $1,260,015$ |
| State Tax $(18.5 \%)$ | $\$$ | $34,440,411$ |

Total State Tax .\$ 53,590,374

# Racetracks Other States 

## OTHER STATES

ARKANSAS ${ }^{1}$<br>Manager: Smokey Campbell<br>Arkansas Racing Commission 1515 West Seventh Street<br>Suite 505<br>Little Rock, Arkansas 72203<br>Phone: (501) 682-1467<br>Fax: (501) 682-5273<br>Website: www.dfa.arkansas.gov<br>\section*{Approval}

Electronic games of skill at horse racing tracks were authorized in March 2005, approved by local referendum in November 2005, and regulated by the Arkansas Racing Commission. The first machines began operating at Southland Park in West Memphis and Oaklawn Park in Hot Springs in November 2006. Both tracks offer Instant Racing, which is pari-mutuel wagering based on historic races; those games are not included in these figures.

## Machine Details

Machines are at racetracks only.
Spinning reel or video electronic games of skill only; ticket or bills in, ticket out.
Electronic games of skill (EGS) include automated versions of blackjack, video poker, and craps.

## $\underline{\text { Limits }}$

No limits on bets or prizes; minimum prize payout is $83 \%$ with a current average return of $94 \%$.

## Distribution of Gross Revenue

| State tax | $18 \%$ |
| :--- | ---: |
| City/town | $1.5 \%$ |
| County | $0.5 \%$ |
| Purses | $14 \%$ |
| Tracks | $65 \%$ |

ARC Purse and Awards funds - 1\% - The Arkansas Racing Commission Purse and Awards Fund take out of $1 \%$.

## Total Wagers+

2016: \$ 4,677,759,781.09
2015: \$ 3,988,273,084.07

[^17]
## DELAWARE ${ }^{1}$

State Lottery Office
McKee Business Park
1575 McKee Road, Suite 102
Dover, Delaware 19904-1903
Phone: (302) 739-5291
Fax: (302) 739-7586
Website: www.delottery.com
Since Video Lottery operations began at Delaware Park and Dover Downs in 1995, the Lottery's contribution to the General Fund has increased significantly. Delaware Park and Dover Downs now have more than 2400 and 2700 Video Lottery machines, respectively. Harrington Raceway, which began operating in 1996, now has over 1800 Video Lottery machines. The Video Lottery has contributed over two billion dollars to the General Fund to date.
Prizes paid back to players:
By law, all games must return between $87 \%$ and $95 \%$ of all wagers on an annual basis. Games can return above $95 \%$ with the Lottery Director's approval.

| Purse Increases | $\$$ | 35.5 Million |
| :--- | ---: | ---: |
| Vendor Fees $^{2}$ | $\$$ | 26 Million |
| State Share $^{3}$ | $\$$ | 142.3 Million |
| Track Commissions | $\$$ | 148.8 Million |
| Net Proceeds | $\$$ | 345.2Million |

Revenue from Delaware Video Lottery games is distributed as follows:

- Approximately $40.5 \%$ is paid to the three tracks as commissions for operating the games.
- Approximately $43.5 \%$ is contributed to the State General Fund to help pay for state services.
- Approximately $10 \%$ goes toward increasing the size of the horse race purses.
- Approximately $6 \%$ goes toward leasing, servicing, and upgrading the games, and for monitoring the games with the Lottery's central computer system.

[^18]
## FLORIDA $^{1}$

Director: Leon M. Biegalski

Division of Pari-Mutuel Wagering
1940 North Monroe Street
Tallahassee, Florida 32399
Phone: (850) 487-1395
Fax: (850) 488-0550
Website: http://myfloridalicense.com/dbpr/
In Florida, pari-mutuel wagering is authorized for horse racing, harness horse racing, quarter horse racing, greyhound racing, jai alai games, and cardroom poker games. Additionally, slot machine gaming at pari-mutuel facilities is authorized in Broward and Miami-Dade Counties. Florida is one of the primary pari-mutuel states in the nation, and is the leading state in greyhound racing, as well as a major horse racing state. Florida is also the only state in the United States where live jai alai games are conducted. As of June 30, 2015, there were 30 parimutuel facilities located throughout the state, with one of the facility's holding both limited intertrack wagering and pari-mutuel wagering.

| STATE REVENUE <br> FISCAL YEAR 2015-2016 | TOTAL |
| :--- | :---: |
| State Revenue from Pari-Mutuel ${ }^{2}$ | $\$ 11,832,484$ |
| Other State Gaming Revenue $^{3}$ | $\$ 1,993,289$ |
| Total Pari-Mutuel State Revenue | $\$ 11,832,484$ |
| Total State Revenue from Cardrooms ${ }^{4}$ | $\$ 15,752,771$ |
| Total State Revenue from Slots ${ }^{5}$ | $\$ 208,546,530$ |
| Total State Revenue Generated from Pari-Mutuel, <br> Cardrooms and Slots | $\$ 236,131,785$ |
| State Revenue from Indian Gaming Compact ${ }^{6}$ | $\$ 272,840,413$ |
| Total State Revenue Generated | $\mathbf{\$ 5 0 9 , 9 7 2 , 1 9 8}$ |

[^19]| STATE REVENUE <br> FISCAL YEAR 2014 - 2015 | TOTAL |
| :--- | :---: |
| State Revenue from Pari-Mutuel $^{1}$ | $\$ 12,589,460$ |
| Other State Gaming Revenue $^{2}$ | $\$ 1,696,325$ |
| Total Pari-Mutuel State Revenue | $\$ 12,589,460$ |
| Total State Revenue from Cardrooms ${ }^{3}$ | $\$ 14,467,291$ |
| Total State Revenue from Slots ${ }^{4}$ | $\$ 198,719,075$ |
| Total State Revenue Generated from Pari-Mutuel, <br> Cardrooms and Slots | $\$ 225,775,826$ |
| State Revenue from Indian Gaming Compact ${ }^{5}$ | $\$ 255,864,391$ |
| Total State Revenue Generated | $\mathbf{\$ 4 8 1 , 6 4 0 , 2 1 7}$ |

[^20]
## MAINE ${ }^{1}$

Maine Gambling Control Board
87 State House Station
45 Commerce Drive, Suite \#3
Augusta, Maine 04333-0087
Phone: (207) 626-3900
Fax: (207) 287-4356
Website: www.maine.gov/dps/gamingboard
Email: Gambling.Board@maine.gov
The Maine Gambling Control Board was created as a result of the "Governor's Gambling Control Legislation," enacted by the Legislature and signed into law by Governor John E. Baldacci on May 6, 2004. There have only been two casinos in Maine since 2012.

| 2016 State Revenue from Racino Operation - Hollywood Casino |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Gross Revenue | Net Revenue | $\mathbf{1 \%}$ Tax <br> $(\mathbf{G r o s s x} \mathbf{~ . 0 1 )}$ | $\mathbf{3 9 \%}$ Tax <br> (Net-1\% x.39) |  |
| $\$ 430,472,641$ | $\$ 43,494,044$ | $\$ 4,304,726$ | $\$ 15,283,833$ |  |


| 2016 State Revenue from Racino Operation - Oxford Casino |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Gross Revenue | Net Revenue | $\mathbf{4 6 \%}$ Tax |
| $\$ 761,214,308$ | $\$ 64,856,475$ | $\$ 29,833,978$ |

$39 \%$ of slots revenue, as mandated by the Legislature, is distributed as follows:

| $4 \%$ | General Fund for Board Administrative Expenses |
| ---: | :--- |
| $10 \%$ | Harness Racing purses |
| $3 \%$ | Sire Stakes Fund |
| $3 \%$ | Agricultural Fair Support Fund |
| $10 \%$ | Healthy Maine |
| $2 \%$ | University of Maine System Scholarships |
| $1 \%$ | Maine Community College System Scholarships |
| $4 \%$ | Fund to encourage racing at Maine commercial harness racing tracks |
| $1 \%$ | Fund to stabilize the state's off-track betting facilities |
| $1 \%$ | City of Bangor, host municipality |

[^21]
## NEW MEXICO ${ }^{1}$

Interim Executive Director: Frank Baca
New Mexico Gaming Control Board
4900 Alameda Blvd. NE
Albuquerque, New Mexico 87113
Phone: (505) 841-9700
Fax: (504) 841-9725
Website: www.nmgcb.org
The New Mexico Gaming Control Board was established in 1997. In New Mexico, slot machine gaming is conducted at five (5) horse tracks. From the total revenue, $25 \%$ goes to the state. The following revenue data was collected for fiscal year 2016:

| REVENUE FOR FY 2016 |  |
| :--- | ---: |
| Gaming Machine Net Win | $\$ 251,103,810$ |
| Gaming Tax | $\$ 64,250,542$ |
| Amount Paid Into Horse Racing Purses | $\$ 48,198,517$ |
| Amount Designated for Problem Gambling | $\$ 602,481$ |
| Gaming Machines at end of FY 2016 | 3,654 |

${ }^{1}$ Information provided by New Mexico Gaming Control Board.

## NEW YORK ${ }^{1}$

Executive Director: Robert Williams

New York State Gaming Commission
Division of Gaming
1 Broadway Center, Suite 600
Schenectady, New York 12301-7500
Phone: (518) 388-3400
Fax: (518) 388-3403
Website: www.gaming.ny.gov
The New York State Gaming Commission ("Commission") has authorized racetracks to install video lottery terminals (VLTs), with $10 \%$ of proceeds from these devices going to the Commission to administer the games (to include the costs of terminal providers, central system, and Commission personnel \& administrative costs). Gaming facility operators receive a vendor fee, as noted below, and the remainder of the proceeds goes to the Education Fund. The following information has been provided for fiscal year 2016. The fiscal year in New York covers 4/1/2015-3/31/2016.

| REVENUE FOR FY 2016 |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| Current Number of Operating Racinos | 9 |
| Public/Private Arrangement | Publicly run video lottery terminals with commissions retained by operators |
| Active Licensed Facility Employees | 5,065 |
| Net Machine Income (FY 2013 ending - 3/31/14) | \$ 1,905,308,534 |
| State Education Fund (FY 2014) | \$ 866,900,960 |
| Revenue Retained by Operator |  |
| Commission | \$ 669,820,255 |
| Marketing Allowance | \$ 162,231,768 |
| Capital Award ${ }^{2}$ | \$ 15,824,698 |
| Lottery Administration Costs | \$ 190,530,856 |
| How Taxes are Spent | Public Education |
| Legalization Date | 2001 |
| First Racino Opening Date | 2004 |

[^22]
## PENNSYLVANIA ${ }^{1}$

Pennsylvania Gaming Control Board
P.O. Box 69060

Chairman: William H. Ryan, Jr. Executive Director: Kevin O’Toole

Harrisburg, Pennsylvania 17106-9060
Phone: (717) 346-8321 Fax: (717) 346-8321
Website: www.gamingcontrolboard.pa.gov
Email: pgcb@.pa.gov
The Pennsylvania Race Horse Development and Gaming Act (signed into law on July 5, 2004) created the Pennsylvania Gaming Control Board and authorized the Board to award 14 slot machine licenses at locations throughout the Commonwealth. The Act was amended in 2010 to include the introduction of table games and added a $15^{\text {th }}$ license available in July 2017. Of the 15 available licenses, 7 (referred to as Category 1 Licenses) were initially allocated to racetracks, an additional 5 (referred to as Category 2 Licenses) were anticipated to be stand-alone land based casinos, and the remaining 2 (referred to as Category 3 Licenses) were limited licenses to be located at resort facilities.

The first Pennsylvania casino, a Category 1 racetrack facility, opened to the public on November 14, 2006. By the end of fiscal year 2016, a total of 12 Pennsylvania facilities were in operation.

| Fiscal Year 2016 |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Total Slot Machines | 26,634 | Total Table Games | 1,186 |

The $34 \%$ State Tax and various license and fee revenue are deposited into the State Gaming Fund. Under current law, an amount equal to $\$ 2$ million or $.2 \%$ of gross terminal revenue, whichever is greater, is transferred annually from the Gaming Fund to the Compulsive and Problem Gambling Treatment Fund. Additionally, annual transfers from the Gaming Fund include $\$ 2$ million for Local Law Enforcement Grants, $\$ 30$ million for Volunteer Fire Company Grants, $\$ 2.40$ per acre to local jurisdictions hosting specified forest reserves, and $\$ 3$ million for drug and alcohol addiction treatment services and repayments to the Lottery Fund for property tax relief. All remaining revenue in the State Gaming Fund is transferred to the Property Tax Relief Fund and distributed for general property tax relief.

Revenues deposited in the Economic Development Fund are used for projects throughout the state and are distributed based on a subsequently enacted capital budget. Revenues deposited in the PA Race Horse Development Fund are used to support various breeding programs, purses and health and pension benefits for horsemen, as well as a portion going to the State General Fund.

[^23]
## RHODE ISLAND ${ }^{1}$

Rhode Island Lottery Commission
1425 Pontiac Avenue
Cranston, Rhode Island 02920
Phone: (401) 463-6500
Fax: (401) 463-7770
Website: www.rilot.com
Video Lottery debuted in Rhode Island in September of 1992. There are a total of 5,849 video lottery terminals (VLTs) located in the State's two pari-mutuel facilities, Twin River and Newport Grand. As of June 30, 2014, Twin River has 4,540 VLTs and Newport Grand has 1,097 VLTs. Various virtual and multi-layer display games are offered on the VLTs. The Cashola progressive game ended in May 2011, with a winning jackpot of $\$ 4.8$ million. The progressive game was replaced on July 15, 2011 with IGT's Mega Hits game.

| Fiscal Year 2016 |  |
| :--- | ---: |
| Cash In | $\$ 3,257,810,215$ |
| Cash Out | $\$ 2,769,119,380$ |
| Net Terminal Income | $\$ \quad 488,690,835$ |
| Cash In/Cash Out Ratio | $85 \%$ |
| Average Number of Machines | 5,368 |

Chapter 42-61.2 of the General Laws authorizes the Division of Lotteries to conduct and control video lottery games. This chapter stipulates the allocation of video lottery net terminal income (video lottery credits purchased less credits redeemed or redeemable). Consistent with the General Laws, net terminal income is distributed to licensed video lottery facility operators, the technology providers (video lottery terminal providers), the central communications system provider, the city or town in which the video facility is licensed and the Narragansett Indian Tribe. All residual net terminal income after mandated commission payments and other transfers, is remitted to the State's General Fund.

[^24]
## WEST VIRGINIA ${ }^{1}$

Director: John C. Musgrave

West Virginia Lottery Commission
312 MacCorkle Avenue S.E.
Post Office Box 2067
Charleston, West Virginia 25327
Phone: (304) 558-0500
Fax: (304) 558-3321
Website: www.wvlottery.com
Racetrack Video Lottery games were implemented in 1994 when the West Virginia Legislature passed the Racetrack Video Lottery Act, making video lottery terminals available to the four racetracks in the state subject to passage of local referendums. In September 1994, three racetracks began operating with 1,200 video lottery machines. A fourth racetrack began video gaming in September 1997.

| Revenue for FY 2016 |  |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: |
| Credits played | $\$$ | $5,965,083,000$ |
| Credits won | $\$$ | $5,350,676,000$ |
| Promotional Credits | $\$$ | $76,444,000$ |
| MWAP Contributions | $\$$ | 234,000 |
| Gross Terminal Revenue | $\$$ | $537,729,000$ |
| Administrative Costs | $\$$ | $14,909,000$ |
| Net Terminal Revenue | $\$$ | $522,820,000$ |
| Commissions | $\$$ | $275,496,000$ |
| Racetrack video lottery revenues available for distribution | $\$$ | $247,324,000$ |

FY- 2016 Racetrack video lottery revenues paid or accrued for certain State funds to conform to legislation:

| State Lottery Fund | $\$$ | $108,547,000$ |
| :--- | ---: | ---: |
| State Excess Lottery Revenue Fund | $\$$ | $132,941,000$ |
| Capital Reinvestment Fund | $\$$ | $5,836,000$ |
| Total non-operating distributions | $\$$ | $247,324,000$ |

[^25]
## Indian Gaming

## INDIAN GAMING

## CHITIMACHA TRIBE OF LOUISIANA CYPRESS BAYOU CASINO <br> ST. MARY PARISH

FISCAL YEAR 2015-2016

| Total Casino Employees | 807 |
| :--- | ---: |
| Native American Employees | 43 |
| Employee Wages Paid | $\$ 18,804,836$ |
| Social Security and Medicare Taxes (employee portion) | $\$ 1,637,453$ |
| Unemployment Compensation Insurance | $\$ 73,009$ |
| Advertising | $\$ 2,001,910$ |
| Expenditures for goods and services | $\$ 52,981,107$ |
| a. Paid to Louisiana vendors | $\$ 35,279,959$ |
| b. Paid to out of state vendors | $\$ 17,701,148$ |
| Number of Louisiana based vendors | 696 |
| Other Donations Within the State | $\$ 47,585$ |
| State and/or Parish Sales Taxes | $\$ 241,134$ |

## COUSHATTA TRIBE OF LOUISIANA

## COUSHATTA CASINO RESORT

## ALLEN PARISH

FISCAL YEAR 2015-2016

| Total Casino Employees | Not Provided |
| :--- | ---: |
| Native American Employees | Not Provided |
| Employee Wages Paid | Not Provided |
| Social Security and Medicare Taxes (employee portion) | Not Provided |
| Unemployment Compensation Insurance | Not Provided |
| Advertising | Not Provided |
| Expenditures for goods and services | Not Provided |
| a. Paid to Louisiana vendors | Not Provided |
| b. Paid to out of state vendors | Not Provided |
| Number of Louisiana based vendors | Not Provided |
| Parish Contribution | Not Provided |
| Other Donations Within the State | Not Provided |
| State and/or Parish Sales Taxes | Not Provided |

## TUNICA-BILOXI TRIBE OF LOUISIANA

## PARAGON CASINO RESORT

AVOYELLES PARISH
FISCAL YEAR 2015-2016

| Total Casino Employees | Not Provided |
| :--- | :---: |
| Native American Employees | Not Provided |
| Employee Wages Paid | Not Provided |
| Social Security and Medicare Taxes (employee portion) | Not Provided |
| Unemployment Compensation Insurance | Not Provided |
| Advertising | Not Provided |
| Expenditures for goods and services | Not Provided |
| a. Paid to Louisiana vendors | Not Provided |
| b. Paid to out of state vendors | Not Provided |
| Number of Louisiana based vendors | Not Provided |
| Parish Contribution | Not Provided |
| Other Donations Within the State | Not Provided |
| State and/or Parish Sales Taxes |  |

TRIBAL PARISH CONTRIBUTIONS
(MADE BY SEPARATE AGREEMENT OR PURSUANT TO TRIBAL/STATE COMPACT) FY 2015-2016

| Quarter | Chitimacha <br> St. Mary | Coushatta <br> Allen | Tunica-Biloxi <br> Avoyelles |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | Not Provided | Not Provided | Not Provided |
|  |  |  |  |
| 2 | Not Provided | Not Provided | Not Provided |
| 3 | Not Provided | Not Provided | Not Provided |
| 4 | Not Provided | Not Provided | Not Provided |
| Total | Not Provided | Not Provided | Not Provided |

# If You or Someone You <br> Know May Have a 

## Gambling Problem, Call

## Toll-Free: 1-877-770-STOP (7867)


[^0]:    ${ }^{1}$ This licensee was acquired by Isle of Capri from the Grand Palais bankruptcy. The licensee was given credit for 263 days in bankruptcy, making its first expiration date September 21, 1999 . The Riverboat Gaming Commission originally approved the berth site for the Julia Street Wharf on the Mississippi River in Orleans Parish. The licensee never operated at this site.
    ${ }^{4}$ The Riverboat Gaming Commission originally approved the berth site for St. Charles Parish. The licensee never operated at this site.

[^1]:    Estimated from previous studies to be $26 \%$ of payrol.
    ${ }^{2}$ Excludes gaming equipment.
    Percentage of patrons who originate from more than 150 miles or from another state.
    Studies indicate a visitor spends up to $\$ 150 /$ day on meals, lodging, transportation, and retail. For the purpose of this survey, the Louisiana Casino Association conservatively calculates a visitor spends $\$ 50 /$ day
    Former Harrah's Lake Charles property, now owned by Golden Nugget, opened December 2014
    Former Harrah's Star Partnership purchased by Pinnacle in August 2006.

[^2]:    Estimated from previous studies to be $26 \%$ of payroll.
    ${ }^{\text {Excludes gaming equipment. }}$
    Percenage of patrons who originate from more than 150 miles or from another state.
    ${ }^{4}$ Studies indicate a visitor spends up to $\$ 150 /$ /day on meals, lodging, transportation, and retail. For the purpose of this survey, the Louisiana Casino Association conservatively calculates a visitor spends $\$ 50 /$ /day

[^3]:    * Average over calendar year.

    Golden Nugget Lake Charles LLC opened December 2014

[^4]:    1 Information provided by individual states.
    2 fiscal year 2015-2016. Iowa began reporting figures as combined totals for its 18 casinos, 1 horse track, and 1 dog track
    3 Mississippi allows landbased casinos on the Gulf Coast located within 800 feet of a designated waterway.

[^5]:    Information provided by Illinois Gaming Board.

[^6]:    ${ }^{1}$ Information provided by Montana Department of Justice, Gambling Control Division

[^7]:    ${ }^{4}$ Information provided by Oregon State Lottery Commission.
    ${ }^{2}$ These figures are the total lottery amounts and include traditional and video lottery games.

[^8]:    ${ }^{1}$ Information provided by West Virginia Lottery Commission

[^9]:    ${ }^{1}$ Information provided by Louisiana State Police, Gaming Audit Section.

[^10]:    ${ }^{1}$ Information provided by Colorado Division of Gaming.

[^11]:    ${ }^{1}$ Information provided by Kansas Lottery.

[^12]:    ${ }^{1}$ Information provided by Michigan Gaming Control Board

[^13]:    ${ }^{1}$ Information provided by the Nevada Gaming Control Board.

[^14]:    Information provided by New Jersey Casino Control Commission.

[^15]:    ${ }^{1}$ Information provided by Pennsylvania Gaming Control Board.

[^16]:    ${ }^{1}$ Information provided by South Dakota Commission on Gaming.
    ${ }^{2}$ In South Dakota, casino gaming is conducted only in the City of Deadwood.

[^17]:    ${ }^{1}$ Information provided by Arkansas Racing Commission.

[^18]:    ${ }^{1}$ Information provided by Delaware State Lottery Office.
    ${ }^{2}$ Central computer and terminal equipment.
    ${ }^{3}$ Before operating expenses of Lottery and State Police.

[^19]:    ${ }^{1}$ Information provided by Florida Division of Pari-Mutuel Wagering.
    ${ }^{2}$ Daily license and fees and taxes reported above are amounts collected, and not reflect amounts due.
    ${ }^{3}$ Escheated tickets from greyhound racing and jai alai gaming and Racing Scholarship Funds are distributed to the Department of Education.
    ${ }^{4}$ One-half of cardroom gross receipts is deposited into General Revenue.
    ${ }^{5}$ Slot taxes are distributed to the Department of Education.
    ${ }^{6}$ Indian Gaming Compact payments are deposited into the General Revenue Fund.

[^20]:    ${ }^{1}$ Daily license and fees and taxes reported above are amounts collected, and not reflect amounts due.
    ${ }^{2}$ Escheated tickets from greyhound racing and jai alai gaming and Racing Scholarship Funds are distributed to the Department of Education.
    ${ }^{3}$ One-half of cardroom gross receipts is deposited into General Revenue.
    ${ }^{4}$ Slot taxes are distributed to the Department of Education.
    ${ }^{5}$ Indian Gaming Compact payments are deposited into the General Revenue Fund.

[^21]:    ${ }^{1}$ Information provided by Maine Gambling Control Board.

[^22]:    ${ }^{1}$ Information provided by New York State Gaming Commission.
    ${ }^{2}$ Allocated to operators for capital projects, which improve facility and promote increased attendance.

[^23]:    ${ }^{1}$ Information provided by Pennsylvania Gaming Control Board.

[^24]:    ${ }^{1}$ Information provided by Rhode Island Lottery Commission.

[^25]:    ${ }^{1}$ Information provided by West Virginia Lottery Commission

